

THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES FEDERAL REGISTER OF THE UNITED STATES 1934

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Washington, Saturday, May 6, 1944

The President

PROCLAMATION 2614

FLAG DAY, 1944

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA
A PROCLAMATION

For many years June 14 has been set aside as Flag Day, observed throughout the Nation as a day of earnest rededication to those high principles of humanity and civilization which constitute the foundations of the Republic.

It is not necessary to recite that the stars and stripes of our flag symbolize the patriotic and loyal unity of one hundred and thirty-five million people in a widely diversified land. Nor is it necessary to dwell on the struggles through which we have marched, under that flag, to our present great part in the world's affairs. What we are, and what we do, speak of these things far more eloquently than any words.

Ours is a flag of battles. On the ships of our Navy, in the vanguard of our soldiers and marines, it is carrying liberation and succor into stricken lands. It is carrying our message of promise and freedom into all corners of the world.

Ours is also a flag of peace. Under its protection, men have found refuge from oppression. Under its promise, men have found release from hatreds and prejudice, from exploitation and persecution. It is the flag under which men and women of varied heritage, creed, and race may work and live or, if need be, fight and die together as only free men and women can.

Let us then display our flag proudly, knowing that it symbolizes the strong and constructive ideals—the democratic ideals—which we oppose to the evil of our enemies. Let us display our flag, and the flags of all the United Nations which fight beside us, to symbolize our joint brotherhood, our joint dedication, under God, to the cause of unity and the freedom of men.

NOW THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, do hereby ask that on Flag Day, June 14, 1944, the people of our Nation honor especially the members of the armed forces—men and

women equally—whose unfaltering devotion to our national ideals has given the Nation's flag a new and hopeful meaning for those struggling against oppression in lands still held by our enemies.

I direct the officials of the Federal Government and I request the officials of the State and local governments to have our colors displayed on all public buildings on Flag Day, and I urge the people of the United States on that day to fly the American flag from their homes, and to arrange, where feasible, for joint displays of the emblems of the freedom-loving United Nations without whose staunch collaboration we could not have hoped for victory.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 3rd day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-
[SEAL] four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-eighth.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:

CORDELL HULL,
Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6428; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:50 a. m.]

Regulations

TITLE 4—ACCOUNTS AND BUDGET¹

Chapter II—Bureau of the Budget

PART 250—FELLOWSHIPS IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION FOR REPRESENTATIVES FROM OTHER AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Pursuant to the following authority and official recommendations and subject to appropriations available, fellowships in public administration will be awarded to qualified applicants from the other American republics:

¹ Formerly Title 4—Accounts.

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NOTICE

The Cumulative Supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations, covering the period from June 2, 1938, through June 1, 1943, may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at \$3.00 per book. The following are now available:

Book 1: Titles 1-3 (Presidential documents) with tables and index.

Book 2: Titles 4-9, with index.

Book 3: Titles 10-17, with index.

Book 4: Titles 18-25, with index.

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(a) Public Law 355, 76th Congress, approved August 9, 1939 (53 Stat. 1290), authorizing the President to utilize the services of the Departments, agencies and independent establishments of the Government of the United States for the purpose of rendering closer and more effective the relationship between the American Republics: (See Resolution No. 81 adopted at the Eighth International Conference of American States held at Lima, Peru, December 9-27, 1938, recommending scientific and technical research by institutes, laboratories, and men of science recommended by the American Governments);

(b) The Department of State Appropriation Act, 1944, approved July 1, 1943, appropriating funds for tuition, compensation, monthly allowances and enrollment, laboratory, insurance, and other fees incident to training, including traveling expenses in the United States and abroad in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended, of educational, professional, and artistic leaders and professors, students, internes, and persons possessing special scientific or other technical qualifications, who are citizens of the United States or the other American republics; and

(c) Title 5, U.S.C., sec. 22 (R.S., sec. 161) authorizing the head of each department to prescribe regulations for the government of his department and the performance of its business; the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (31 U.S.C. ch. I) establishing the Bureau of the Budget under a Director and vesting therein the function of the preparation of the Budget and other functions under the direction of the President relative to the efficient administration of the Departments and agencies of the Government. Fellowships will be awarded, subject to the following regulations:

Sec.	
250.1	Type of fellowship.
250.2	Qualifications.
250.3	Award of fellowships.
250.4	Allowances and expenses.
250.5	Progress reports.
250.6	Duration of fellowships.
250.7	Official notification.

AUTHORITY: §§ 250.1 to 250.7, inclusive, issued under R.S. 161, 53 Stat. 1290; 42 Stat. 20; 57 Stat. 271; 5 U.S.C. 22, 22 U.S.C. 501 et seq., 31 U.S.C. 1 et seq.

§ 250.1 *Type of fellowship.* Fellowships shall be of the intern-training and training in research type, in the field of public administration, and may include advance university instruction in related subjects at colleges and universities, or in private institutions selected by the Bureau of the Budget, and practical training and observation in governmental Departments and agencies, under the direction of the Bureau of the Budget.

§ 250.2 *Qualifications.* Each applicant selected for a fellowship shall be:

- A citizen of an American republic other than the United States;
- In possession of a certificate of medical examination issued by a licensed physician within 60 days of the date of application, describing the applicant's

physical condition and stating that he is free from any communicable disease, physical deformity, or disability that would interfere with the proper pursuit of studies, research, or any other activity or work incident to the fellowship;

(c) Able to speak, read, write and understand the English language;

(d) Of good moral character and possessing intellectual ability and suitable personal qualities;

(e) In possession of acceptable evidence that he has completed a standard four-year university or college course, or its equivalent, or that he has equivalent practical experience in the field of public administration or management either in the administration of operating programs or in staff work, including budgeting, finance, personnel, procurement, planning, and related services; and

(f) An employee of the government by which nominated or attached to such government in a consultative capacity in any of the fields enumerated in paragraph (e) above.

§ 250.3 *Award of fellowships.* Fellowships shall be awarded by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget with the approval of the Secretary of State, or the duly authorized representative of the Secretary of State. Each application shall be transmitted to the Secretary of State by the government of the American republic of which the applicant is a citizen through the American diplomatic mission accredited to that government.

§ 250.4 *Allowances and expenses.* An applicant awarded a fellowship may be granted any or all of the following, upon recommendation of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget:

(a) *Monthly allowances.* Monthly allowances for quarters and subsistence during the entire period spent in the United States, or its Territories or Possessions, in pursuance of a fellowship, beginning on the date of arrival at his initial headquarters and ending on the date of departure for his home, as follows: (1) Not exceeding \$180 per month while under assignment to headquarters in a Department or agency of the Federal or a local government, or a private institution (other than a university or college) in a city of more than 100,000 population; or not exceeding \$150 per month while under such assignment in a city of less than 100,000 population; and (2) not exceeding \$135 per month while under assignment to receive training at colleges or universities and residing in quarters usually occupied by students in attendance thereat or in similar quarters, irrespective of the population of the city wherein the institution is located.

(b) *Transportation expenses.* Transportation expenses from the home of the applicant (or place in which appointment is accepted) to the place or places in the United States, its Territories, or Possessions, where the studies and research are to be pursued, and return to the home of the applicant (or point of departure), including travel via Washington, D. C., en route to the place of

study or research, and from the place of study or research to Washington, D. C., and return to that place, if necessary, for consultation with reference to the fellowship, and between places of study and research in the United States, its Territories or Possessions, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended, in which connection claim for reimbursement may be made only for items in the following schedule and contingent upon prior authorization:

(1) Rail fare:¹ First-class fare. If travel is performed on an extra-fare train, expenses in excess of the first-class fare must be borne by the traveler. No receipts are necessary. (Government transportation requests are to be used, if practicable, within the United States.)

(2) Pullman fare: Lower berth or parlor car seat. No receipts are necessary if Government transportation requests are used. If purchased with cash the Pullman stub must be attached to the reimbursement voucher.

(3) Steamer fare:¹ Not exceeding the lowest minimum first-class fare of the ship on which travel is performed. American vessels must be used if available (section 901 of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, 49 Stat. 2015. This provision has been suspended with regard to appropriations for fiscal year 1944 according to sec. 302, Pub. Law 216, 78th Congress, Dec. 23, 1943) No receipts are necessary.

(4) Airplane fare:¹ Transportation by air will be allowed regardless of the cost when authorized by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. When air travel has not been specifically authorized, the traveler may proceed by air with the understanding that he may claim reimbursement therefor only in an amount not exceeding what it would have cost had the travel been performed by public conveyance over land or water. No receipts are necessary.

(5) Taxicab: At the beginning and termination of the journey and at all points where a change of conveyance is necessary while in a direct travel status. No receipts are necessary.

(6) Excess baggage charges: For personal effects (not household furniture) which are not carried free by the transportation company. Receipts are necessary and they should indicate that the traveler has availed himself of the free allowance, if such an allowance is granted.

(7) Drayage or transfer of baggage: For the hauling of personal effects from home to the station or dock, et cetera. Receipts are not necessary but should be submitted where possible. Charges by porters for handling bags or baggage will not be allowed.

(8) Rental of steamer rug and steamer chair: Receipts are necessary. Charges for rental of steamer cushions will not be allowed.

¹In all cases round trip tickets must be purchased if possible. In the event the return portion of the ticket cannot be used, it should be returned to the Bureau of the Budget for refund.

(9) Tips and gratuitous fees: Will not be allowed.

(c) *Per diem.* Per diem in lieu of subsistence while in travel status proceeding from, and to, his home at the following rates: \$6.00 over land and by air in and outside of the United States, and \$4.00 aboard vessels outside of the United States. No per diem will be allowed concurrently with monthly allowances, but per diem may be substituted therefor at the rate of \$6.00 per day for any period of authorized travel.

(d) *Other expenses.* Enrollment fees, tuition, medical and infirmary fees, laboratory fees, cost of textbooks and rental of equipment, payable to the institution, person, firm or corporation that may have rendered the services or furnished the supplies, upon prior authorization of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. Such expenses may be billed directly to the Bureau of the Budget, and shall bear the signature of the fellow receiving the services or using the supplies. However, should that procedure not be practicable, the fellow may pay the bill, if authorized to do so, and render an appropriate account to the Bureau of the Budget.

§ 250.5 *Progress reports.* Applicants awarded fellowships under these regulations shall submit written reports of progress in studies and research at such intervals as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may direct.

§ 250.6 *Duration of fellowship.* Fellowships may be awarded for periods not exceeding twelve months of actual study and research, and may be extended for not exceeding the same periods in the manner prescribed under § 250.3 and subject to the availability of appropriations. Fellowships may be cancelled for cause by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget with the approval of the Secretary of State, or the duly authorized representative of the Secretary of State.

§ 250.7 *Official notification.* Each applicant selected by the Bureau of the Budget and approved by the Secretary of State, or the duly authorized representative of the Secretary of State, shall be notified of his award through diplomatic channels. The notification shall state the duration and type of fellowship and the allowances authorized: *Provided, however,* That the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may subsequently amend the course of studies and duration of the fellowship if in his opinion such action would be in the interest of obtaining better instruction, or research better suited to the needs and capabilities of the fellow than those prescribed in the notification. The amount originally authorized for monthly allowances and other expenses may also be amended, if necessary, with the approval of the Secretary of State, or the duly authorized representative of the Secretary of State.

Issued this 2d day of March 1944.

HAROLD D. SMITH,
Director.

Approved: May 1, 1944.

CORDELL HULL,
Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6398; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:24 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter XI—War Food Administration
(Distribution Orders)

[WFO 2-3, Amdt. 1]

PART 1401—DAIRY PRODUCTS

REPORTS REQUIRED FROM CERTAIN PRODUCERS
AND AUTHORIZED RECEIVERS OF BUTTER

War Food Order No. 2-3, 9 F.R. 4319 (formerly designated as Food Distribution Order No. 2-3, as issued by the Director of Food Distribution on September 30, 1943, 8 F.R. 13378), is amended to read as follows:

§ 1401.16 Reports—(a) *Definitions.* (1) "War Food Order No. 2" means War Food Order No. 2, 9 F.R. 4319 (formerly designated at Food Distribution Order No. 2, as issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on January 5, 1943, 8 F.R. 253, and as amended, 9 F.R. 3623).

(2) Each term defined in War Food Order No. 2 shall, when used herein, have the same meaning as set forth for such term in said War Food Order No. 2, unless otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent hereof.

(b) *Reporting requirements.* (1) Each person who produced more than 12,000 pounds of butter in any calendar month from April 1943 to March 1944, inclusive, shall correctly complete form "Dairy Products Report No. 2—Butter (Creamery Set-aside Butter Report)" for April 1944 and for each subsequent calendar month thereafter during which such person has in his possession, or is obligated to have in his possession, any butter required to be set aside pursuant to the provisions of War Food Order No. 2, regardless of the quantity of butter produced by him during and after April 1944. Each such completed form shall be mailed to the United States Department of Agriculture, Box 6910-A, Chicago, Illinois, not later than the tenth day of the month next succeeding the month for which such report is made.

(2) Each person who did not produce more than 12,000 pounds of butter in any calendar month from April 1943 to March 1944, inclusive, but who produces more than 12,000 pounds of butter in April 1944 or any subsequent calendar month shall correctly complete form "Dairy Products Report No. 2—Butter (Creamery Set-aside Butter Report)" for each calendar month thereafter during which such person has in his possession, or is obligated to have in his possession, any butter required to be set aside pursuant to the provisions of War Food Order No. 2, regardless of the quantity of butter produced by the respective person during each such calendar month. Each such completed form shall be mailed to the United States Department of Agriculture, Box 6910-A, Chicago, Illinois, not later than the tenth day of the month next succeeding the month for which such report is made.

(3) Each person authorized to serve as an authorized butter receiver shall correctly complete form "Authorized Receiver's Report—Butter" for the calendar month during which he was first

so authorized and for each calendar month thereafter while such authorization remains in effect and during any additional period during which the respective person has in his possession, or is obligated to have in his possession, or receives any butter required to be set aside pursuant to the provisions of War Food Order No. 2. Each such completed form shall be mailed to the United States Department of Agriculture, Box 6910-A, Chicago, Illinois, not later than the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month for which such report is made.

(4) After the effective time of this order each producer of butter shall correctly complete form "Dairy Products Report No. 1" (U. S. D. A. Form No. O.E. 9-119), for each calendar month and shall mail such completed form to the United States Department of Agriculture, Box 6910-A, Chicago, Illinois, not later than the tenth day of the next succeeding calendar month.

This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., May 1, 1944. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said War Food Order No. 2-3 prior to the effective time of this amendment, all of the provisions of said War Food Order No. 2-3 in effect prior to the effective time of this amendment shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, appeal, right, or liability.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order have been approved by, and subsequent reporting and record-keeping requirements will be subject to the approval of, Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 2, 8 F.R. 253, 5896, 9 F.R. 3623, 4319)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

C. W. KITCHEN,
Acting Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6375; Filed, May 4, 1944;
3:34 p. m.]

[WFO 42, Amdt. 1]

PART 1460—FATS AND OILS

RESTRICTIONS ON USE

War Food Order No. 42 (9 F.R. 2971, 3832, 4319), § 1460.1, is amended as follows:

1. By deleting the provisions of paragraph (a) (7) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(7) "Principal ingredient" means the largest single ingredient by weight subject to the qualification that mayonnaise, salad dressing, and other foods for human consumption which, under the terms of section 1.1 of Ration Order 16, as amended, issued by the Office of Price Administration, are not foods covered by said Ration Order 16, as amended, but

in the manufacture of which rationed fats and oils, as defined in said Ration Order 16, as amended, are used, are to be considered products of which fats and oils are not the principal ingredient, regardless of the composition thereof.

2. By deleting the provisions of Schedule A of paragraph (b) (1) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

SCHEDULE A	
Class of use	Permitted percentage
Manufacture of margarine in any calendar quarter	167
Manufacture of other edible finished products, including shortening, in any calendar quarter	88
Manufacture of package and bar soap in any calendar quarter	90
Manufacture of bulk package soap in any calendar quarter	110
Manufacture of abrasive hand soap in any calendar quarter	150
Manufacture of paints, varnishes, lacquers, and other protective coatings in any calendar quarter	70
Manufacture of linoleum, oilcloth (for floor coverings), and felt base floor coverings in any calendar quarter	70
Manufacture of oilcloth (for all purposes other than floor coverings) and all other coated fabrics in any calendar quarter	70
Manufacture of paint containing not more than one pound of fats and oils per gallon of paint (by a manufacturer of paste water paint, dry casein paint, or dry protein paint, as such, in the base period), in any calendar quarter	70

3. By deleting the figure "10,000" in paragraph (b) (5) (1) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "15,000".

4. By inserting immediately after paragraph (b) (10) thereof the following:

(11) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this order, the oil content of any product which is listed in a class of use under Schedule A hereof and which is purchased from the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States; the Office of Distribution, War Food Administration (including, but not restricted to the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation); or the War Shipping Administration shall not be charged against the quota of any manufacturer, if such product is used or consumed by him in the same class of use.

This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t. May 4, 1944. However, with respect to violations of War Food Order No. 42, or rights accrued, or liabilities incurred thereunder, prior to said date, said War Food Order No. 42 shall be deemed to be in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, or liability.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

WILSON COWEN,
Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6374; Filed, May 4, 1944;
3:34 p. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

[Regulations, Serial No. 3050]

PART 239—CHARTER TRIPS AND SPECIAL SERVICES

CHARTER TRIPS AND SPECIAL SERVICES BY AIR CARRIERS HOLDING CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 2d day of May 1944.

The Civil Aeronautics Board, acting pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 205 (a) and 401 (f) thereof, and deeming its action necessary to carry out the provisions of said Act and to exercise its powers and perform its duties thereunder, hereby makes and promulgates the following regulation:

Effective May 2, 1944, § 239.1 of the Economic Regulations is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

§ 239.1 *Charter trips and special services*—(a) *Approval required for special service.* No air carrier holding a certificate of public convenience and necessity shall operate any charter trip or other special service (except flights originating and terminating in the territory comprised of Mexico, Central America, South America, and the countries and islands in the Caribbean area) either between points named in its certificates or otherwise, unless it shall have first secured approval thereof by the Board or its designee, or unless authorized by such further regulations as the Board may from time to time promulgate.

(b) *Exceptions.* The provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply to any charter trip or special service which is (1) operated at the request of, and in aircraft owned by, the Navy Department, or (2) an emergency military mission.

(52 Stat. 984, 988; 49 U.S.C., 425 (a), 481 (f))

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] FRED A. TOOMBS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6429; Filed, May 5, 1944;
12:07 p. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 4504]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

PHILIP R. PARK, INC., ET AL.

§ 3.6 (b) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; qualities or properties of product or service:* § 3.6 (x) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; results.* In connection with offer, etc., of "ManAmar" or "Cattle ManAmar" livestock feeds or feed supplements, or other similar product, and among other things, as in order set forth, disseminating, etc., any advertisements by means of United States mails, or in commerce, or by any means, etc.,

to induce, etc., directly or indirectly, purchase in commerce, etc., of respondents' product, which advertisements represent, directly or through inference, (1) that respondents' product has any therapeutic value in the treatment of any germ or infectious disease of cattle or that its use is of any value in the prevention of any such disease or condition; (2) that respondents' product has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of any breeding disorder of cattle or is of any value in preventing such disorder; or (3) that respondents' product has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of retained placenta or that its use will have any value in preventing such condition; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C. sec. 451) [Modified cease and desist order, Philip R. Park, Inc., et al., Docket 4504, April 20, 1944]

§ 3.6 (a) (10) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; comparative data or merits:*

§ 3.6 (b) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; qualities or properties of product or service:* § 3.6 (x) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; Results:* § 3.6 (f) (10) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly; unique nature or advantages.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of "ManAmar" or "Cattle ManAmar" livestock feeds or feed supplements, or other similar product, and among other things, as in order set forth, representing that respondents' product (1) will have any therapeutic value in the treatment of mastitis or that its use is of any value in the prevention of such condition; (2) has any therapeutic value in the treatment of any germ or infectious disease of cattle or that its use is of any value in the prevention of any such disease or condition; (3) has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of any breeding disorder of cattle or that its use is of any value in preventing such disorder; (4) has any therapeutic value in the treatment of retained placenta, infectious abortion, or Bang's disease, or that its use will have any beneficial effect upon such conditions or any value in preventing such conditions; or (5) is a better supplement to feeds or constitutes a better feed for cattle than all other feed or feed supplements on the market; or representing (6) that the use of respondents' product will eliminate the necessity of veterinary treatment: prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 451) [Modified cease and desist order, Philip R. Park, Inc., et al., Docket 4504, April 20, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of Philip R. Park, Inc., a Corporation; Philip R. Park, Harrison H. Havner, John S. Hunt, and Philip E. Iversen, Individually, and as Officers of Philip R. Park, Inc., a Corporation.

This proceeding coming on for further hearing before the Federal Trade Commission, and it appearing that on April 27, 1943, the Commission made its find-

ings as to the facts herein and concluded therefrom that the respondents had violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act, and issued and subsequently served its order to cease and desist upon the respondents; and it further appearing that respondents thereafter filed their petition to review and set aside the said order to cease and desist in the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit; that thereafter by stipulation signed by counsel for the Commission and counsel for respondents dated December 24, 1943, it was agreed that subparagraph 5 of the second part of said order should be modified in certain respects as specifically set out in said stipulation and that the Court should enter its decree modifying said order to cease and desist in said particulars and affirming and enforcing said order as so modified; that on January 6, 1944, the said Circuit Court issued its decree modifying, affirming and enforcing the said order to cease and desist in conformity with said stipulation.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (i) of section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, the Commission issues this, its modified order to cease and desist in conformity with said decree:

It is ordered, That the respondent Philip R. Park, Inc., a corporation, its officers, representatives, agents, and employees, and respondents Philip R. Park, John S. Hunt, Philip E. Iversen, and Harrison H. Havner, individually and as officers and directors of Philip R. Park, Inc., a corporation, and their respective representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device in connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of livestock feeds or feed supplements for cattle and other livestock known as "ManAmar" or "Cattle ManAmar," or any other product of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same name or under any other name, do forthwith cease and desist from directly or indirectly:

1. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by means of the United States mails or by any means in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, which advertisement represents directly or through inference,

a. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value in the treatment of any germ or infectious disease of cattle or that its use is of any value in the prevention of any such disease or condition.

b. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of any breeding disorder of cattle or is of any value in preventing such disorder.

c. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of retained placenta or that its use will have any value in preventing such condition.

2. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by any means for the purpose of inducing or which is likely to induce directly or in-

directly the purchase in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act of respondents' product, which advertisement contains any of the representations prohibited in paragraph 1 hereof and the respective subdivisions thereof.

It is further ordered, That the respondent Philip R. Park, Inc., a corporation, its officers, representatives, agents, and employees, and respondents Philip R. Park, John S. Hunt, Philip E. Iversen, and Harrison H. Havner, individually and as officers of Philip R. Park, Inc., a corporation, and their respective representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device in connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution of livestock feeds or feed supplements for cattle and other livestock known as "ManAmar" or "Cattle ManAmar," or any other product of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same name or under any other name, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from representing:

1. That respondents' product will have any therapeutic value in the treatment of mastitis or that its use is of any value in the prevention of such condition.
2. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value in the treatment of any germ or infectious disease of cattle or that its use is of any value in the prevention of any such disease or condition.
3. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value or beneficial effect in the treatment of any breeding disorder of cattle or that its use is of any value in preventing such disorder.
4. That respondents' product has any therapeutic value in the treatment of retained placenta, infectious abortion, or Bang's disease, or that its use will have any beneficial effect upon such conditions or any value in preventing such conditions.
5. That respondents' product is a better supplement to feeds or constitutes a better feed for cattle than all other feeds or feed supplements on the market.
6. That the use of respondents' product will eliminate the necessity of veterinary treatment.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall, within thirty (30) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6396; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:38 a. m.]

[Docket No. 5025]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

ALEXANDER AUERBACH, ETC.

§ 3.66 (a) (7) *Misbranding or mislabeling; composition; Wool Products Labeling Act; § 3.66 (k) Misbranding or mis-*

labeling; source or origin; maker or seller; Wool Products Labeling Act; § 3.71 (a) Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure; composition; Wool Products Labeling Act. I. In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of "shoddy" or other "wool products," as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, or other textile fiber materials, (1) representing to purchasers and prospective purchasers that wool products, as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, not composed exclusively of "wool," as wool is defined in said act, are "wool," "100% wool," or "all wool," or composed of "wool"; (2) representing to purchasers and prospective purchasers that wool products, as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, may be labeled in accordance with the provisions of said act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder as "reprocessed wool," unless such products are composed exclusively of wool or reprocessed wool as those terms are defined in the said act; and (3) misrepresenting or concealing, through the use of fictitious names or otherwise, the identity of respondent or his business; and II. In connection with the introduction or manufacture for introduction into commerce, or the sale, transportation, or distribution in commerce, misbranding "shoddy" or other "wool products," as defined in and subject to aforesaid act, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool," "reprocessed wool," or "reused wool," as those terms are defined therein, by failing to securely affix to or place on each of such products a stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification showing in a clear and conspicuous manner (a) the percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five percentum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool, (2) reprocessed wool, (3) reused wool, (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five percentum or more, and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers; (b) the maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product of any non-fibrous loading, filling, or adulterating matter; (c) the name of the manufacturer of such wool product, or the manufacturer's registered identification number and the name of a seller of such wool product, or the name of one or more persons introducing such wool product into commerce, or engaged in the sale, transportation, or distribution thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; prohibited; subject to the proviso, however, that in the case of a product composed in part of "reprocessed wool," this order shall not be construed as prohibiting respondent from representing that such term may be used to designate such reprocessed wool content if the percentage of such content be stated; and subject to the further proviso that the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of

section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and that nothing contained in this order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provision of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b; 54 Stat. 1128; 15 U.S.C., sec. 68) [Cease and desist order, Alexander Auerbach, etc., Docket 5025, April 18, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of Alexander Auerbach, an Individual Trading in His Own Name and as Frank Corwin, Frank Corwin Company, Frank Cohen, David Demerer, and Hanover Wool Stock Company

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of respondent, in which answer respondent admits all the material allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and states that he waives all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act and the provisions of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939:

It is ordered, That the respondent, Alexander Auerbach, individually and trading in his own name and as Frank Corwin, Frank Corwin Company, Frank Cohen, David Demerer, and Hanover Wool Stock Company, or trading under any other name, and his representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of "shoddy" or other "wool products," as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, or other textile fiber materials, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing to purchasers and prospective purchasers that wool products, as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, not composed exclusively of "wool," as wool is defined in said act, are "wool," "100% wool," or "all wool," or composed of "wool."
2. Representing to purchasers and prospective purchasers that wool products, as such products are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, may be labeled in accordance with the provisions of said act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder as "reprocessed wool," unless such products are composed exclusively of wool or reprocessed wool as those terms are defined in the said act: *Provided, however,* That in the case of a product composed in part of "reprocessed wool," this order shall not be construed as prohibiting respondent from representing that such term may be used to designate such reprocessed wool content if the percentage of such content be stated.
3. Misrepresenting or concealing, through the use of fictitious names or

otherwise, the identity of respondent or his business.

It is further ordered, That the respondent, Alexander Auerbach, individually and trading in his own name and as Frank Corwin, Frank Corwin Company, Frank Cohen, David Demerer, and Hanover Wool Stock Company, or trading under any other name, and his representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction or manufacture for introduction into commerce, or the sale, transportation, or distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the aforesaid Acts, do forthwith cease and desist from misbranding "shoddy" or other "wool products," as defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool," "reprocessed wool," or "reused wool," as those terms are defined in said Act, by failing to securely affix to or place on each of such products a stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification showing in a clear and conspicuous manner:

(a) The percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five percentum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool, (2) reprocessed wool, (3) reused wool, (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five percentum or more, and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers.

(b) The maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product of any non-fibrous loading, filling, or adulterating matter.

(c) The name of the manufacturer of such wool product, or the manufacturer's registered identification number and the name of a seller of such wool product, or the name of one or more persons introducing such wool product into commerce, or engaged in the sale, transportation, or distribution thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939.

Provided, That the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939: *And provided, further,* That nothing contained in this order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provisions of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

It is further ordered, That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon him of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which he has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6397; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:38 a. m.]

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter VI—National War Labor Board (G. O. 4)

PART 803—GENERAL ORDERS

EMPLOYEES IN AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR INDUSTRY IN CALIFORNIA, NEVADA, AND ARIZONA

§ 803.4 General Order No. 4. * * *

(d) * * *
The National War Labor Board, under this paragraph, has approved the following exceptions to the exemption provided for in paragraph (a) of this order:

(18) All employees engaged in the automotive repair industry in the Tenth Region of the National War Labor Board, embracing the states of California, Nevada, and Arizona, other than gasoline stations, tire and vulcanizing services.

(E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Approved, April 25, 1944.

THEODORE W. KHEEL,
Executive Director.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6394; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:28 a. m.]

Chapter IX—War Food Administration (Agricultural Labor)

[Specific Wage Ceiling Reg. 5]

PART 1102—SALARIES AND WAGES OF AGRICULTURAL LABOR IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WORKERS ENGAGED IN PICKING OF FRESH MARKET PEAS IN SAN MATEO AND SAN FRANCISCO COUNTIES, CALIF.

§ 1102.5 *Wages of workers engaged in picking of fresh market peas in coastal area west of Skyline Highway of San Mateo and San Francisco counties, State of California.* Pursuant to § 4001.7 of the regulations of the Director of the Office of Economic Stabilization relating to wages and salaries issued August 28, 1943 (8 F.R. 11960, 12139, 16702) and to the Regulations of the War Food Administrator issued January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831), entitled "specific wage ceiling regulations" and based upon relevant facts submitted by the California WFA Wage Board and obtained from other sources, it is hereby determined that:

(a) *Areas, crops, and classes of workers.* Persons engaged in picking of fresh market peas in the coastal area west of Skyline Highway of the counties of San Mateo and San Francisco, State of California, are agricultural labor as defined in § 4001.1 (1) of the regulations of the Director of the Office of Economic Stabilization issued on August 28, 1943 (8 F.R. 11960, 12139) as amended on December 9, 1943 (8 F.R. 16702).

(b) *Wage rates; maximum wage rates for picking of fresh market peas.*

1. Piece work rate—65¢ per container of 28 lbs. net weight of peas carried to field weigh

station. Where other than a container of 28 lbs. net weight of peas is used as a unit of measure, the rate paid must not exceed the equivalent of the above maximum rate.
2. Hourly rate—70¢ per hour.

The above rates are exclusive of any payment to labor contractors.

(c) *Administration.* The California WFA Wage Board located at 2228 Fulton Street, Berkeley, California, will have charge of the administration of this order in accordance with the provisions of the specific wage ceiling regulations issued by the War Food Administrator January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831).

(d) *Applicability of specific wage ceiling regulations.* This specific wage ceiling regulation No. 5 shall be deemed to be a part of the specific wage ceiling regulations issued by the War Food Administrator on January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831) and any violation of this Specific Wage Ceiling Regulation No. 5 shall constitute a violation of such specific wage ceiling regulations.

(56 Stat. 765, 50 U.S.C. App. 961 et seq.; Pub. Law 34, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681, regulations of the Director of Economic Stabilization, 8 F.R. 11960, 12139, 16702; regulations of the War Food Administrator, 9 F.R. 655, 9 F.R. 831)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

WILSON R. BUTE,
Acting Director, Office of Labor,
War Food Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6393; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:19 a. m.]

[Specific Wage Ceiling Reg. 6]

PART 1102—SALARIES AND WAGES OF AGRICULTURAL LABOR IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WORKERS ENGAGED IN PICKING OF FRESH MARKET PEAS IN CERTAIN CALIFORNIA COUNTIES

§ 1102.6 *Wages of workers engaged in picking of fresh market peas in the counties of Sacramento, Yolo, and portions of the counties of San Joaquin, Contra Costa and Solano, State of California.* Pursuant to § 4001.7 of the regulations of the Director of the Office of Economic Stabilization relating to wages and salaries issued August 28, 1943 (8 F.R. 11960, 12139, 16702) and to the regulations of the War Food Administrator issued January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831), entitled "specific wage ceiling regulations" and based upon relevant facts submitted by the California WFA Wage Board and obtained from other sources, it is hereby determined that:

(a) *Areas, crops, and classes of workers.* Persons engaged in picking of fresh market peas in the counties of Sacramento, Yolo, that portion of San Joaquin county lying north of the Mt. Diablo base line, that portion of Contra Costa county lying east of the town of Antioch and north of the main line of the Santa Fe Railroad, and that portion of Solano

county lying east of the Mt. Diablo meridian, State of California, are agricultural labor as defined in § 4001.1 (1) of the regulations of the Director of the Office of Economic Stabilization issued on August 28, 1943 (8 F.R. 11960, 12139) as amended on December 9, 1943 (8 F.R. 16702).

(b) *Wage rates; maximum wage rates for picking of fresh market peas.*

1. Piece work rate—60¢ per filled bushel container of sorted peas at the checking station.

Where other than a filled bushel container is used as a unit of measure, the rate paid must not exceed the equivalent of the above maximum rate.

2. Hourly rate—75¢ per hour.

The above rates are exclusive of any payment to labor contractors.

(c) *Administration.* The California WFA Wage Board located at 2288 Fulton Street, Berkeley, California, will have charge of the administration of this order in accordance with the provisions of the specific wage ceiling regulations issued by the War Food Administrator January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831).

(d) *Applicability of specific wage ceiling regulations.* This Specific Wage Ceiling Regulation No. 6 shall be deemed to be a part of the specific wage ceiling regulations issued by the War Food Administrator on January 20, 1944 (9 F.R. 831) and any violation of this Specific Wage Ceiling Regulation No. 6 shall constitute a violation of such specific wage ceiling regulations.

(e) *Termination.* This Specific Wage Ceiling Regulation No. 6 shall expire at 11:59 p. m. Pacific war time July 15, 1944: *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this specific wage ceiling regulation No. 6, after that time, shall continue to remain in full force and effect for the purpose of allowing or sustaining any suit, action, prosecution, or administrative or other proceeding theretofore or thereafter commenced with respect to any violation committed or right or liability accruing under or pursuant to the terms of those provisions of this Specific Wage Ceiling Regulation No. 6.

(56 Stat. 765, 50 U.S.C. App. 961 et seq.; Pub Law 34, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681, regulations of the Director of Economic Stabilization, 8 F.R. 11960, 12139, 16702; regulations of the War Food Administrator, 9 F.R. 655, 9 F.R. 831)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

WILSON R. BUTE,
Acting Director, Office of Labor,
War Food Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6400; Filed, May 5, 1944,
11:19 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter IX—War Production Board

Subchapter B—Executive Vice-Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176;

E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 1273—STYRENE

[Allocation Order M-170, Revocation]

Section 1273.1 *Allocation Order M-170* is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Styrene is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Appendix B, Schedule 18, together with dichlorostyrene.

Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of styrene prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-170.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6403; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:32 a. m.]

PART 1273—STYRENE

[Supplementary Order M-170-a, Revocation]

Section 1273.2 *Supplementary Order M-170-a* is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Polystyrene is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Appendix A, Schedule 19, together with polydichlorostyrene.

Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of polystyrene prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-170-a.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6404; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:32 a. m.]

PART 3060—GLYCOLS

[Allocation Order M-215, Revocation]

Section 3060.1 *Allocation Order M-215* is hereby revoked, effective when glycols become subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Appendix C, Schedule 15.

This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of glycols prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-215.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6405; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:31 a. m.]

PART 3292—AUTOMOTIVE VEHICLES, PARTS AND EQUIPMENT

[Limitation Order L-158, as Amended May 5, 1944]

PRODUCTION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR MOTOR VEHICLES

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States having created a shortage in the supply of aluminum, chromium, copper, nickel, and other materials required for the production of replacement parts for passenger automobiles, light, medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment for defense, for private account and for export, the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense.

§ 3292.46 *Limitation Order L-158—*

(a) *Definitions.* For the purpose of this order: (1) "Replacement parts" for passenger automobiles, light, medium and heavy motor trucks, truck-trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment means only the following enumerated items, and the components entering into such items, which are produced for use in the repair, maintenance or improvement of such vehicles, but does not include any parts specially designed for military vehicles:

(i) For all vehicles: (1) engines, less starting, ignition and fuel systems, (2) clutches, (3) transmissions, (4) propeller shafts, (5) universal joints, (6) axles, (7) braking systems, (8) wheels, (9) tire valve assemblies, (10) starting apparatus, (11) frame and spring suspension assemblies, except spring covers and spring clip spacer tubes, (12) shock absorbers, (13) speedometers, (14) driving mirrors, (15) windshield wiper assemblies, (16) steering apparatus, (17) exhaust systems, (18) cooling system, including radiator shells supporting radiator cores, (19) fuel systems, but not locking-type gas caps, (20) bulk tubing for fuel, oil, brake and door-actuating lines, (21) lubricating system, including fittings, (22) electrical systems including generators, motors, lamps (but not bulbs), signal horns, and bulk and spool (a) primary wire (b) spark plug wire and (c) battery cable, the last three items only in lengths of 100 ft. maximum, (23) safety glass and channels, (24) hood, door, window and rear deck actuating mechanisms, (25) front fenders, but only types which house or hold headlights, (26) windshield defrosters (components only), (27) heater hose.

(ii) In addition, but only for medium and heavy motor trucks, truck-trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment: (28) power dividers and take offs, (29) governors, (30) transfer cases, (31) coupling devices, (32) trailer landing gears, (33) cabs and seats, (34) front fenders without limitation as to type, (35) hoods, (36) truck refrigeration units, (37) liquid measuring gauges, (38)

body mechanical and hydraulic hoists (component parts only), (39) tachometers, (40) doors and door hardware, (41) marker, clearance and identification lamps, spot lamps (internally controlled only), fog lamps and back-up lamps, (42) fuses and flares, (43) signaling devices, (44) reflex reflectors, (45) windshield defrosters, (46) truck and bus traction sanders.

(iii) In addition, but only for passenger carriers and motorized fire equipment: (47) body structural repair parts, (48) sash, (49) destination signs, (50) fare boxes, (51) guards and grab rails, (52) door-operating mechanisms, (53) heating and ventilating equipment.

(2) "Rebuilt or reconditioned parts" means any replacement parts (defined in paragraph (a) (1) above) which have been used and restored for use through rebuilding or reconditioning operations.

(3) "Parts consumed in use" means those parts whose function in the operation of the vehicle results in a dissipation or deterioration of material, either in whole or in part, so that the residue has little or no salvage value.

(4) "Ignition contacts" means tungsten tipped parts such as screws, rivets, levers, arms or discs which are components of ignition circuit breaker assemblies.

(5) "Passenger automobile" means any passenger vehicle, including station wagons and taxicabs propelled by an internal combustion engine and having a seating capacity of less than eleven (11) persons.

(6) "Light truck" means a complete motor truck or truck-tractor with a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 9,000 pounds, as authorized by the manufacturer thereof, or the chassis therefor.

(7) "Medium and heavy motor truck" means a complete motor truck or truck-tractor with a gross vehicle weight rating of 9,000 pounds or more, as authorized by the manufacturer thereof, or the chassis therefor.

(8) "Truck trailer" means a complete semi-trailer or full trailer designed for transportation of property or persons, or the chassis therefor.

(9) "Passenger carrier" means a complete motor coach for passenger transportation, having a seating capacity of not less than eleven (11) persons.

(10) "Off-the-highway motor vehicle" means a motor truck, truck-tractor or trailer, operating off the public highway, normally on rubber tires and specially designed to transport materials, property or equipment on mining, construction, logging or petroleum development projects, or the chassis therefor.

(11) "Motorized fire equipment" means the chassis of a passenger automobile, light, medium or heavy motor truck, truck-tractor or trailer, used for the transportation of fire-fighting personnel or equipment.

(12) "Producer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or other form of business enterprise engaged in the manufacture of replacement parts, as defined in paragraph (a) (1) above.

(13) "Supplier" means a person who supplies a producer with materials or

component parts for the production or assembly of replacement parts.

(14) "Distributor" means any person not a producer or supplier whose business consists, in whole or in part, of the sale of replacement parts, as defined in paragraph (a) (1) above, from inventory. Distributor includes wholesalers, jobbers, dealers, retailers and other persons performing a similar function including garages and service stations.

(15) "Consumer" means the owner or operator of the automotive vehicle for which replacement parts are required, or the user of such replacement parts for any other purpose, not including the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, and other agencies listed in paragraph (p) (1) below.

(16) "Inventory" means a stock of new replacement parts held by a distributor for his own account. Inventory does not include any new replacement parts held on consignment or any "as is", rebuilt, reconditioned or reconditionable parts.

Provisions Relating to Production

(b) *Production of certain parts to be made as if orders were rated AA-1 and others AA-2X.* Notwithstanding the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, Part 944, replacement parts, for medium and heavy motor trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire equipment, enumerated in paragraph (a) (1), except items (41) to (46) inclusive, must be produced as if the orders therefor bore a preference rating of AA-1. Replacement parts, for passenger automobiles and light trucks, enumerated in paragraph (a) (1) and also items (41) to (46) inclusive, must be produced as if the orders therefor bore a preference rating of AA-2X.

(c) *Special provision for production of truck and bus replacement parts.* (1) To provide for production of automotive replacement parts (except parts for passenger automobiles) on orders for civilian use and on other orders to make automotive parts as Class B products, Priorities and CMP Regulations may be disregarded to the following extent: A producer of automotive parts whose facilities scheduled to produce a particular part are scheduled 95% or more for Class A production during a month, may schedule up to 5% of those facilities during the month for production of that part (or any other parts) to fill Class B orders for civilian or other use. In computing the 5% of the facilities referred to above, the term "facilities" means productive man-hours or productive machine-hours, or both. The calculation may be made on the basis of calendar months or of any successive periods of one month each beginning at any time.

(2) Whenever it appears to a producer that production under this paragraph (c) will result in serious interference with the production of orders for the Armed Services, he shall immediately notify the Automotive Division, War Production Board, in order that adjustments may be at once considered.

(3) No production under this paragraph (c) shall be allowed to interfere with any "frozen" schedule of Component Consumption Requirements issued under Order L-1-e or any other "frozen" schedule, as defined in Priorities Regulation No. 18.

(4) As the purpose of this paragraph (c) is primarily to secure additional critical replacement parts for commercial or civilian use, production must be made of those parts which are actually critical, against back orders where they exist.

(d) *Correction of critical shortages.* Whenever the War Production Board determines that a critical shortage exists in respect to replacement parts, the Board may order any producer or supplier to schedule and deliver his production in such manner as will relieve the shortage; and in addition, may direct any producer or distributor to deliver or sell to any other person, at regularly established prices and terms, such quantities of replacement parts available for civilian distribution as the War Production Board may determine.

(e) *Production restricted to enumerated replacement parts; use of critical materials.* (1) No producer shall manufacture any parts for use in the repair, maintenance or improvement of passenger automobiles, light, medium and heavy trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles or motorized fire equipment except the items, and their components, enumerated in paragraph (a) (1) above as items (1) to (53) inclusive.

(2) In the production of such parts no materials shall be used which are prohibited by any orders, regulations or other restrictions on the use of critical materials now or hereafter issued by the War Production Board.

Standardization and Simplification Provisions

(f) *Pistons and bearings.* On and after November 15, 1943, producers shall make replacement pistons, piston pins, piston rings and engine bearings as components of engines, only according to the following standards:

(1) Pistons as components of engines only in standard sizes and the following oversizes: .005, .020, .030, .040, .060 and semi-finished.

(2) Piston pins as components of engines only in standard sizes and the following oversizes: .003, .005, .010.

(3) Piston rings as components of engines only in standard sizes and the following oversizes: .005, .020, .030, .040, .060; and in addition, for medium and heavy trucks and busses, .030, .100.

(4) Engine bearings as components of engines only in standard sizes and the following undersizes: .002, .010, .020, .030, .040, .060, .090 and semi-finished. In addition, connecting rod bearings with oversize outside diameter, and the "special length Ford main bearings".

(g) *Ignition contracts.* On and after December 1, 1943, all discs cut from tungsten contact rod for ignition contacts for all vehicles shall be cut to a thickness not exceeding .030 inch, plus a tolerance of .002 inch.

Provisions Relating to Distributors' Inventories

(h) *Restrictions on distributors' inventories.* (1) No distributor of replacement parts whose place of business is located in the eastern or central war time zone shall accept delivery of new replacement parts which, in combination with his existing inventory of new replacement parts, measured in total dollar cost value, will exceed a sixty-day (60) supply. Sixty-day supply means a supply in dollar cost value equal to the distributor's total sales, at his cost, of such new parts in the preceding two months period.

(2) No distributor of replacement parts whose place of business is located in any other war time zone shall accept delivery of new replacement parts which, in combination with his existing inventory of new replacement parts, measured in total dollar cost value, will exceed a ninety-day (90) supply. Ninety-day supply means a supply in dollar cost value equal to the distributor's total sales, at his cost, of such new parts in the preceding three months period.

(3) Irrespective of the restrictions in subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, a distributor may accept delivery of specific items of replacement parts even though his inventory then exceeds, or will by reason of such acceptance exceed, his maximum permissible inventory as specified in subparagraphs (1) and (2) above. The quantity of such specific items in dollar cost value shall not exceed the dollar cost value of his sales of such items during the preceding thirty days or the last thirty-day period in which a sale was made if the distributor is located in the eastern or central war time zones, and forty-five days in all other zones.

(i) *Return of new replacement parts.* New replacement parts, returned by a distributor to another distributor, if not included in the inventory of the person receiving the parts during the calendar quarter in which received shall be included in his inventory in the next succeeding calendar quarter.

(j) *Disposition of traded-in used parts.* No distributor may keep in his inventory, in his possession or under his control any used replacement parts which have been traded in and cannot be reconditioned for a period of more than thirty (30) days after they have been determined to be unserviceable, but he must dispose of them through customary disposal or scrap channels. Traded-in parts which can be reconditioned must be reconditioned, or returned to be reconditioned, as quickly as minimum quantities will permit.

(1) *Traded-in ignition contact points to be reclaimed.* As tungsten is a highly critical material, traded-in ignition contact points must be saved for possible reclamation. Therefore, they may not be scrapped. Where distributors can not reclaim the tungsten contacts for reuse, they must return them through normal trade channels to producers or suppliers for reclamation.

Provisions Relating to Distribution

(k) *No preference ratings required for delivery of replacement parts for resale.* No producer or distributor shall require any preference ratings for the purchase or the delivery of finished replacement parts for resale as such, except on Army, Navy, Maritime Commission and War Shipping Administration orders as provided in paragraph (m). All deliveries of such parts for resale or to consumers may be made as if the orders therefor bore the preference ratings assigned to their production in paragraph (b), and without regard to orders bearing a lower rating. In addition, the provisions of this paragraph are applicable to orders for finished parts required for rebuilding or reconditioning operations.

(l) *Parts for emergency repairs—(1) How to order parts.* Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (h) above, a distributor may order and accept delivery of replacement parts which he does not have in stock when required by a consumer for the emergency repair of a particular vehicle which cannot be operated without such parts. In such emergency, a distributor must file with his order to the producer a certificate in the following form:

CERTIFICATE FOR EMERGENCY REPAIR ORDER

AUTOMOTIVE REPLACEMENT PARTS

The undersigned purchaser certifies, subject to criminal penalties for misrepresentation, that the replacement parts specified in the attached order are essential for the repair of the following vehicle, which cannot now be operated without such parts:

Make _____ Engine number _____
Signed _____
(Firm, partnership or corporation)
By _____
(Name and title of individual)
Dated: _____
Address of firm, partnership or corporation.

A copy of the certificate must be retained by the distributor issuing it as a part of his records.

(2) *Emergency repair orders take preference.* A producer receiving an order accompanied by a Certificate for Emergency Repair must give such order precedence in shipment over other orders not of an emergency nature.

(3) *Use of certificate restricted.* The Certificate for Emergency Repair may be used only to secure essential replacement parts for emergency repairs as described in this paragraph (1). It must not under any circumstances be used by a distributor to replenish his stock.

(m) *Preference ratings of AA-2X or higher required on sales by distributors to army, navy and maritime commission.* Irrespective of the provisions of this order, no distributor shall sell or deliver any replacement parts, as enumerated in paragraph (a) (1) above, to the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, or the War Shipping Administration except upon receipt of an order bearing a preference rating of AA-2X or higher.

(1) *Additional provisions for army orders.* Purchase orders for replacement parts (except parts for "post exchange" vehicles) submitted to distributors by the Army must specify, in accordance with War Department instructions, the type, manufacturer, model and United States Army registration number of vehicles covered by the purchase order; and must carry a certification that such vehicles are "dead-lined" for emergency repair. Delivery by distributors of replacement parts against such orders for the Army must be limited to replacement parts in distributors' inventory available for immediate delivery.

(n) *Restrictions on sales to consumers—(1) No sale of new parts where old part can be rebuilt or reconditioned.* No new replacement part shall be sold or delivered to a consumer to replace a part which the producer or distributor can rebuild or recondition by use of available local reconditioning facilities.

(2) *Used part to be turned in.* No producer or distributor shall sell or deliver any replacement part either new, used or rebuilt, to a consumer unless the consumer turns in to the producer or distributor, concurrently with his purchase, a used replacement part of similar kind and size for each such replacement part delivered to the consumer. However, a used replacement part need not be turned in in the following cases:

(i) Where the used part has been consumed in use, lost or stolen;

(ii) Where the used part is a cab assembly;

(iii) Where the consumer is a Federal or Territorial Department, Bureau or Agency, or a State or political subdivision thereof, which is forbidden by law from making such disposal of replacement parts;

(iv) Where the new or rebuilt part is ordered by telephone, telegraph or mail, or is to be installed by the purchaser.

(v) Where the new part to be purchased by the consumer will improve the efficiency of the vehicle, its capacity or usefulness, such parts being as follows: for all vehicles—oil filters; for medium and heavy trucks, truck trailers, passenger carriers, off-the-highway motor vehicles and motorized fire and police equipment—auxiliary springs, trailer connections, brakes, fifth wheels, auxiliary fuel tanks, governors, landing gears, heavy duty generators, auxiliary transmissions, power take-offs, heavy duty trailer axles, wheels and rims which do not increase tire sizes, marker, clearance and identification lamps, spot lamps (internally controlled only), fog lamps and backup lamps, signaling devices, reflex reflectors, windshield defrosters, truck and bus traction sanders.

(3) *Use of consumer's certificates.* In any of the cases provided for in subparagraphs (2) (i), (ii), (iv), and (v) above, in which the consumer is not required to turn in a used part, he must sign and deliver to the producer or distributor concurrently with each purchase, or on the written confirmation thereof if the order is placed by telephone or telegraph, a Consumer's Certificate in the following form:

**CONSUMER'S CERTIFICATE
AUTOMOTIVE REPLACEMENT PARTS**

The undersigned purchaser certifies, subject to criminal penalties for misrepresentation, that: (a) the replacement parts covered by this certificate are essential for the maintenance, repair or improvement of equipment he now owns or operates; (b) these parts will be used to replace parts which, to the best of his knowledge, cannot be rebuilt or reconditioned by use of available facilities; and (c) he will, within thirty days after receiving the parts, dispose of the old parts, if any through scrap channels.

(Signed) _____

Vehicle owner or operator.

Date: _____ Address _____

The foregoing Consumer's Certificate must be retained by the producer or distributor making the sale to the consumer as part of his records.

(4) *Emergency stocks for truck and passenger carrier fleet operators.* On and after December 31, 1943, any owner or operator of a fleet of twenty-five (25) or more medium or heavy trucks, passenger carriers or off-the-highway motor vehicles may, without turning in a similar used part or filing a Consumer's Certificate, purchase engines, less starting, ignition and fuel systems; transmission assemblies; and rear axle assemblies; in quantities not exceeding one each such part for every twenty-five (25) vehicles, or multiples of twenty-five (25) which he maintains in service currently licensed.

Miscellaneous Provisions

(o) *Applicability of War Production Board regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board as amended from time to time except where otherwise stated.

(p) *Exceptions to applicability of this order.* (1) The terms and restrictions of this order, except as provided for in paragraph (d) and (m) above, shall not apply to any replacement parts sold to or produced under contracts or orders for delivery to or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Civil Aeronautics Administration, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the Offices of Scientific Research and Development.

(2) The terms and restrictions of this order entitled Provisions Relating to Distributors' Inventories and Provisions Relating to Distribution shall not apply to any person located outside of the forty-eight (48) states and the District of Columbia.

(q) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact, or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing

or using, materials under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(r) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate with the Field Office of the War Production Board nearest the appellant's place of business, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds for appeal.

(s) *Communications.* All communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Automotive Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: Order L-158.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

INTERPRETATION 1

RESIZING OF ENGINE PISTONS AND BEARINGS BY PRODUCERS' BRANCHES

The question of resizing engine pistons and bearings in the field to sizes other than those specified in paragraphs (f) (1) and (f) (4), respectively, of § 3292.40. Limitation Order L-158, has been the subject of some uncertainty in the industry. In order to clarify the order, with respect to the intent of these paragraphs, the following interpretation is hereby issued:

Producers' direct factory branches of warehouses, wholly owned or controlled by them, may finish engine pistons and bearings to any intermediate sizes not specified in paragraphs (f) (1) and (f) (4), respectively, of Limitation Order L-158, when ordered from the factory branch by a customer for immediate use in a specific engine. None of these intermediate sizes may be ordered from a factory branch for stock or to be held in inventory. A certificate for emergency order, as provided for in Order L-158, paragraph (l), should accompany each order placed with the factory branch for the intermediate sizes other than those specified in the paragraphs mentioned above, as a means of identifying the need for the part in a specific vehicle. (Issued Oct. 1, 1943.)

INTERPRETATION 2

PRODUCTION OF DECORATIVE HUB CAPS, WHEEL CAPS AND WHEEL TRIM RINGS NOT PERMITTED UNDER ORDER L-158

Hub caps, wheel caps and wheel trim rings which serve only as ornamental or decorative items are not considered components of wheels, Item (8), paragraph (a) (1) (i) of Limitation Order L-158, as amended November 13, 1943. Consequently, they may not be produced. However, hub caps which serve as grease retainers are considered components of wheels and may be produced. (Issued Dec. 29, 1943.)

INTERPRETATION 3

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR ARMY DELIVERED FROM INVENTORY

Paragraph (m) (1) of the order (which was paragraph (l) (1) before the amendment of April 12, 1944) permits delivery on certain Army orders of replacement parts "in distributors' inventory available for immediate delivery". This means that the parts must be in inventory at the time the order is received from the Army. It is not sufficient that they are in inventory immediately before delivery. (Issued Apr. 26, 1944.)

[F. R. Doc. 44-6407; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Allocation Order M-260, Revocation]

ACRYLIC MONOMER AND ACRYLIC RESIN

Section 3293.356 *Allocation Order M-260* is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Acrylic monomer and acrylic resin are subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Appendix B, Schedule 17.

Use delivery and acceptance of delivery of these materials prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-260.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6408; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:31 a. m.]

PART 3109—MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES SIMPLIFICATION

[General Limitation Order L-214, Schedule 3, as Amended May 5, 1944]

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL FURNITURE AND RELATED EQUIPMENT

§ 3109.4 *Schedule 3 to General Limitation Order L-214—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this schedule:

(1) "Medical and surgical furniture and related equipment" means the following items but includes such items only when they are designed for use in hospitals or similar institutions or in the offices of physicians, surgeons, dentists, osteopaths, chiropractors, or chiropractists:

Anesthetist's stools.
Anesthetist's tables.
Arm immersion stands.
Autopsy tables.
Back rests.
Bassinetts.
Bed cradles.
Bed feeding and reading trays.
Bedpan and urinal racks.
Bedside panel screens.
Bedside tables.
Bed trays.
Blanket warming cabinets.
Bowl stands.
Bronchoscopic tables.
Cabinets and stands for sterilizers.
Cabinets for diathermy units.
Cabinets for galvanic, faradic and sinusoidal generators.
Cabinets for specialist's outfits.
Cabinets for suction and pressure pumps.
Cabinets for suction pumps.
Chart desks.
Chart holders.
Chart racks.
Chiropractic chairs.
Chiropractic adjustment tables.
Combination bedside table and overbed tables.
Commodore, except receptacle.
Couch tables.
Dental instrument cabinets.
Dressing cabinets.
Dressing trunks, carts and carriages.
Dressing stands.
Emergency examining tables.
Emergency operating tables.
Emergency tables.
Examining and treatment tables.

Examining chairs.
Examining tables.
Foot stools.
Fracture tables (non-portable).
Glove racks.
Heated utility cabinets.
Hospital benches.
Incubators.
Infant conveyors.
Infant dressing stands and tables.
Instrument cabinets.
Instrument stands.
Instrument tables.
Irrigator and solution-stands.
Laundry bag conveyors.
Leg dressing stands.
Needle cabinets.
Neuro-surgical tables.
Nose and throat chairs.
Nurse's desks.
Nurse's work tables.
Nursery dressing stands and tables.
Obstetrical tables.
Operating tables.
Operator's stools.
Ophthalmic chairs.
Orthopedic and fracture carts, trucks and carriages.
Orthopedic tables (non-portable).
Osteopathic tables.
Overbed and swing overbed tables.
Proctological tables.
Solution cabinets.
Solution stands.
Solution warming cabinets.
Specialist's chairs.
Sponge racks.
Stands for sterilizer dressing drums and containers.
Sterilizer cabinets.
Sterilizer dressing drums and containers.
Supply and treatment cabinets.
Thermometer baskets.
Treatment cabinets.
Treatment chairs.
Urological tables.
Utensil racks.
Utility cabinets.
Veterinary operating tables.
Wall shelf stands.
Waste receptacles and kick bucket carriages.
Wheel stretchers.

The term includes any item serving the same function as any of the above-named items, whether or not such item is listed by any manufacturer under a different name.

The term shall not include:

(i) Any of the above-named items when such items are designed and produced for use overseas, in the field or on shipboard by the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration or by the military forces of any country entitled to receive deliveries pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled, "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act). (An item shall be deemed to be designed and produced for use overseas, in the field or on shipboard, only when the purchase order or contract under which the item is produced specifically states that the item is for use overseas, in the field or on shipboard. A purchase order or contract for Lend-Lease shall be deemed to be for the military forces of a Lend-Lease country only when the purchase order or contract specifically so states.);

(ii) Any parts or material for the repair or maintenance of any of the above-named items; nor

(iii) Any accessories for use in connection with any of the above-named items; nor

(iv) Any recessed cabinet.

(2) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the manufacturing, fabricating or assembling of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment.

(b) Restrictions on items and models of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment. (1) No manufacturer shall manufacture or continue the manufacture of any items of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment other than the items listed on List A, attached to this schedule, and the listed items shall be manufactured only in the number of models specified in the left hand column of the list and shall conform with the descriptions set forth in the right hand column of the list.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (b), a manufacturer may manufacture any number of models of any item of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment not listed on List A and any number of models of the items listed on List A in excess of the number specified thereon: *Provided*, (i) That such models contain no metal other than iron and carbon steel, and (ii) That the weight of such metal comprises not more than 25 per cent of the total weight of the model.

(c) Restrictions on the use of certain materials in the manufacture of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment. (1) No manufacturer shall incorporate any nickel in the manufacture of any medical and surgical furniture and related equipment except for the following uses:

(i) Nickel may be used for plating to the extent permitted under the terms of Conservation Order M-6-b;

(ii) Nickel may be used in alloy steel for any item permitted in List A.¹

(2) No manufacturer shall incorporate any monel metal, copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture of any medical and surgical furniture and re-

¹ The War Production Board is at present restricting the types and grades of alloy steel, other than National Emergency Triple Alloy Steel (nickel-chromium-molybdenum), that may be produced for particular end uses. If a manufacturer desires to have alloy steel of a restricted type or grade produced for him, the matter should be discussed with the Steel Division of the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C. It is the intention of the War Production Board to continue to allow the production of alloy steel containing nickel up to 9% by weight for table tops on autopsy tables and operating tables.

lated equipment except to the extent permitted in the right-hand column and the footnote of List A.

(3) No manufacturer shall incorporate any aluminum in the manufacture of any medical and surgical furniture and related equipment except to the extent permitted by Supplementary Order M-1-f or by any specific authorization under that order.

(d) Exception for furniture and equipment in process. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (b) (1) and (c) of this schedule, a manufacturer may complete the manufacture of any medical and surgical furniture and related equipment which was partially fabricated on July 13, 1943: *Provided*, That such manufacture is completed on or before August 13, 1943.

(e) Filing of pictures and accompanying information. On or before August 2, 1943, each manufacturer shall file with the War Production Board, Safety and Technical Equipment Division (Ref: L-214), a photograph or catalog cut, in duplicate, of each model of the permitted items which he elects to manufacture under this schedule. Each photograph or cut shall be mounted on suitable backing 8½" x 11" in size with the following information entered clearly thereon:

(1) The name of the item, as listed on List A.

(2) A brief identification of the model, if more than one model of the item is permitted under List A.

(3) The manufacturer's catalog number.

(4) A brief description, including size and material specifications and any other pertinent information, showing that the model comes within the description of the permitted item as set forth in List A.

(f) [Deleted, Oct. 9, 1943]

NOTE: This reporting requirement has been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

LIST A

NOTE: List A amended May 5, 1944.

Subject to the provisions of this schedule each manufacturer may manufacture only the permitted number of models of the permitted items of medical and surgical furniture and related equipment set forth below, and such permitted models of the permitted items shall conform with the description set forth in the right hand column of the list. (Different sizes of permitted items are regarded as different models; for example, it is not permissible to manufacture two sizes of an anesthetist's stool because the two sizes are regarded as two models.)

Permitted number of models	Permitted items	Description of permitted items*
1	Anesthetist's stool.....	Not more than one drawer.
1	Anesthetist's table.....	Non-hydraulic type.
1	Autopsy table.....	Both models may be open framework type, or one may be open framework type and the other of a type having cabinet space in the frame; each model shall hold one basket only.
2	Bassinet.....	
2	Bed cradle.....	
2	Bedpan and urinal rack.....	
3	Cabinet for suction and/or pressure pumps.....	
1	Dressing truck, cart or carriage.....	Wheels shall not exceed 16" in diameter; drawers and compartments are prohibited; basin and pail attachments may be used.
2	Examining and treatment table.....	Both models adjustable.
1	Eye, ear, nose and throat chair table.....	Hydraulic-base.
1	Foot stool.....	
1	Fracture table.....	Non-portable; fluoroscopic type.
2	Incubator.....	Copper or copper base alloy may be used in heating elements; in water-jacketed types, copper base alloy may be used to the extent required for efficient operation.
1	Infant conveyor.....	
4	Instrument cabinet.....	Not to exceed 10" in width.
1	Instrument stand.....	Mayo type, using "T" handle type of set-screw lock.
2	Instrument table.....	One model shall not exceed approximately 16" x 29", and have not more than one drawer; one model shall not exceed 24" x 35", and have not more than three drawers; both shall be rectangular.
	Irrigator and solution stand.....	Each model shall have "T" handle set-screw locks; bowl and tray attachments are prohibited.
1	Laundry bag conveyor.....	Open metal framework for use with removable bags.
1	Leg dressing stand.....	
2	Obstetrical table.....	Not more than one model with a hydraulic base.
3	Operating table.....	One major hydraulic base table; one minor hydraulic-base table; and one tubular framework table; metal metal may be used for table tops.
1	Operator's stool.....	Adjustable.
1	Orthopedic and fracture cart, truck and carriage.....	
1	Proctological table.....	May be single or double style.
1	Solution stand.....	
3	Sterilizer cabinet.....	
4	Treatment cabinet.....	All models restricted to not more than 22" in depth and 33" in width.
2	Treatment chair.....	One model adjustable, designed for eye, ear, nose, and throat operating, and treatment; one model non-adjustable, designed for first aid operating and treatment, with attachments for treatment of limbs; each model limited to 35 lbs. weight; neither model shall have hydraulic lift.
2	Urological table.....	Both models X-ray type; one hydraulic model; one non-hydraulic model; copper and copper-base alloy may be used in drainage drawers and filters.
1	Wall shelf stand.....	
1	Waste receptacle.....	One open-top model, minimum height 24"; and one kick-about model.
2	Wheel stretcher.....	Both models non-hydraulic; one non-adjustable model; one tilting model; wheels on each model shall have a maximum diameter of 10".

*In all permitted tables brass may be used to the extent required in gears. In all permitted hydraulic-base tables copper and copper base alloy may be used to the extent required in the hydraulic pumps. Copper and copper-base alloy may be used in the electrical circuit or electrical connections of any of the permitted items.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6406; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:31 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 15]

GLYCOLS

§ 3293.1015 *Schedule 15 to General Allocation Order M-300*—(a) *Definition*. "Glycols" means ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol and physical mixtures of such glycols.

(b) *General provisions*. Glycols are subject to the provisions of General Allocation Order M-300 as Appendix C materials. The initial allocation date is October 1, 1942, when glycols were first put under allocation by Order M-215 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month. The small order exemption per person per month is each and all of the following:

	Pounds
Ethylene glycol.....	5,000
Propylene glycol.....	950
Diethylene glycol.....	1,000
Triethylene glycol.....	600
Mixed glycols.....	1,000

Customers must furnish use certificates when ordering glycols in amounts described in paragraph (g) and must file on Form WPB-2945 when ordering gly-

cols in amounts described in paragraph (f).

(c) *Special interim provisions*. Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-215 (revoked).

(d) *Special anti-freeze provisions*. The restrictions of Order M-300 and of this schedule shall govern the use of glycols by any supplier in the manufacture of anti-freeze or motor coolant preparations, provided that:

(1) Any supplier may deliver completed anti-freeze or motor coolant preparations containing glycols without specific authorization under this order; and

(2) Nothing contained in this order shall be construed to permit the manufacture of anti-freeze in violation of General Limitation Order L-51 (§3293.11).

(e) *Supplier's applications on Form WPB-2947*. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver glycols shall file application on Form WPB-2947 (formerly PD-602). The filing date is the 19th of the month preceding the proposed delivery month. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board,

Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-15. The unit of measure is pounds. File a separate set of forms for each kind of glycol. A consolidated set of forms for each kind of glycol may be filed for all plants. In Table I, first list in Column 1 the names of customers who have filed WPB-2945 forms with the applicant and in Column 1a specify "WPB-2945"; second, list in Column 1 the names of customers who have filed use certificates with the applicant and in Column 1a transcribe the uses stated in such certificates; third, specify in Column 1 "aggregate small deliveries" and leave Column 1a blank; fill in other columns as indicated. Leave columns blank relating to rolling stock requirements. Fill in Table II as indicated. Inventory of glycol previously allocated for the supplier's own manufacturing use should not be reported on Form WPB-2947 (but should be reported in Table II of Form WPB-2945).

(f) *Customers' applications for authorization on WPB-2945*. Each person seeking delivery of glycols in excess of the following amounts shall file application for authorization on Form WPB-2945:

	Pounds
Ethylene glycol.....	75,000
Propylene glycol.....	10,000
Diethylene glycol.....	7,500
Triethylene glycol.....	2,600
Mixed glycols.....	5,000

The filing date is the 12th of the month preceding the month for which allocation is requested. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-15, one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier and retain one copy. The unit of measure is pounds. File a separate set of forms for each kind of glycol. In Column 3 specify primary product according to the following classifications:

Anti-freeze (specify military or civilian in Col. 4)
Air for gas dehydration
Brake, hydraulic and de-icer fluids
Cellophane plasticizer
Coolant (specify in Col. 4 military or industrial)
Cosmetics
Cutting oils
Dentifrices and mouth washes
Drugs
Dynamite
Foods and flavors
General plasticizer (specify in Col. 4: cork crowns, cork gaskets, adhesives, coatings, glue or other)
General textile manufacture (specify in Col. 4: coupling agent, soluble oil, dye solvent, softener, rayon yarn processing, or other)
Molding and binder
Radio condenser fluid
Synthetic resin or chemical manufacture (Identify product in Col. 3 and use in Col. 4)
Tobacco humectant
Wood stain
Export (as glycol)
Inventory (as glycol)
Miscellaneous (describe briefly in Col. 4)
Recycle (as glycol)

Leave Column 4 blank except as noted above.

Fill in Table II as indicated, specifying inventory on a physical basis regardless of authorizations or exemptions. However, a supplier who keeps separate inventories of glycol, both physically and

on his books, for the purpose of sale and for his own manufacturing use, shall report in Table II only his inventory for his own use. Leave Tables III, IV and V blank.

(g) *Certified uses with purchase orders.* Each person placing purchase orders for delivery of glycols between the following amounts per month in the aggregate from all suppliers, shall furnish each supplier with a certified statement of proposed use in the form prescribed in Appendix D of General Allocation Order M-300, and describing proposed use as shown in paragraph (f) above:

	Pounds
Ethylene glycol.....	5,000-75,000
Propylene glycol.....	950-10,000
Diethylene glycol.....	1,000-7,500
Triethylene glycol.....	600-2,600
Mixed glycols.....	1,000-5,000

(h) *Approval of reporting requirements.* Forms WPB-2947 and 2945, and the instructions in this schedule and in the appendices of Order M-300 for applications, certifications and reports concerning glycols, have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(i) *Communications to War Production Board.* Reports and communications concerning this schedule shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-15.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6415; Filed, May 5, 1944;
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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300,
Schedule 16]

METALLIC SODIUM

§ 3293.1016 *Schedule 16 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definition.* "Metallic sodium" means the element sodium in its metallic state.

(b) *General restrictions.* Metallic sodium is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is December 1, 1943, when metallic sodium was first put under allocation by Order M-357 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month and the small order exemption is 100 pounds per person per month.

(c) *Suppliers' applications on Form WPB-2946.* Each supplier, seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). The filing date is the 20th day of the month before the proposed delivery month. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-16. The unit of measure is the pound. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on small orders of 100 pounds or less per customer per month. Fill in Table II.

(d) *Customers' applications for authorization on Form WPB-2945.* Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 10th day of the month before the requested allocation month. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bu-

reau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-16, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. File separate sets of forms for each different supplier. The unit of measure is the pound. In column 3 specify each primary product, or specify "Resale", "Export", or "Inventory", if the metallic sodium is to be re-sold, exported, or held in inventory as such. Fill in the other columns of Table I, and fill in Tables II and III, as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

(e) *Budget Bureau approval.* Forms WPB-2945 and 2946, and the instructions in this schedule and the appendices of Order M-300 for applications and reports concerning metallic sodium, have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(f) *Communications to War Production Board.* Address reports and communications concerning this schedule to: War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-16.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, as Amended
Mar. 16, 1944, Amdt. 4]

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

Appendices A, B and C of § 3293.1000 *General Allocation Order M-300* are amended to read as follows:

APPENDIX A—ALLOCATION USING FORMS WPB-2945 AND WPB-2946 (FORMERLY PD-600 AND 601)

(NOTE: Materials under Schedules 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16 and 19 added since Mar. 16, 1944)

Material	Schedule	Customers' filing date (WPB-2946)	Suppliers' filing date (WPB-2946)	Small order exemption per allocation period. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule; "o" indicates small order certificate required by schedule.)	Report on Form WPB-3442	Initial allocation date and allocation period. ("i" indicates user's stocks frozen.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Nicotinic acid.....	1 (Issued 2-11-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	1 kilogram.....	None.....	6-4-43, month.
Anhydrous hydrofluoric acid.....	4 (Issued 2-11-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	500 lbs.....	None.....	3-1-44, month.
Benzaldehyde.....	7 (Issued 3-10-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	50 lbs.....	None.....	4-1-44, month.
Hide glue, extracted bone glue and green bone glue.	8 (Issued 3-22-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	1200 lbs. of hide and extracted bone glue, and 6000 lbs. of green bone glue.	Yes.....	4-1-44, month.
Formaldehyde.....	9 (Issued 4-6-44).....	{15th—(10th if supplier is dealer).}	20th.....	{10,000 lbs. (37% sol.).....}	None.....	3-1-43, month.
Paraformaldehyde.....				{3,000 lbs.....}		
Hexamethylene-tetramine.....	10 (Issued 4-6-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	10,000 lbs.....	None.....	3-1-43, month.
Pentaerythritol.....	11 (Issued 4-6-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	100 lbs.....	None.....	3-1-43, month.
Isopropyl alcohol.....	12 (Issued 4-14-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	270 gals.....	None.....	7-1-42, month.
Pine tar.....	14 (Issued 4-18-44).....	15th.....	20th.....	5 gals.....	None.....	5-1-44, month.
Metallic sodium.....	16 (Issued 5-5-44).....	10th.....	20th.....	100 lbs.....	None.....	12-1-43, month.
Polystyrene and polydichloro-styrene.	19 (Issued 5-5-44).....	15th.....	22d.....	{100 lbs.....}	None.....	{5-1-43, 6-1-44, month.
				{5 lbs.....}		

APPENDIX B—ALLOCATION USING SUPPLIERS' FORM WPB-2947 (FORMERLY PD-602) WITH CUSTOMERS' USE CERTIFICATES

(NOTE: Materials under Schedules 13, 17 and 18 added since Mar. 16, 1944).

Material 1	Schedule 2	Suppliers' filing date (WPB-2947) 3	Small order exemption per allocation period—No certificate required. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule) 4	Report on Form WPB-3442 5	Initial allocation date and allocation period 6
Riboflavin.....	2 (Issued 2-11-44).....	20th.....	100 grams.....	None.....	4-1-43, month.
Peroxy chemicals: Hydrogen peroxide..... Sodium peroxide..... Sodium perborate.....	5 (Issued 3-23-44).....	20th.....	500 lbs. 75 lbs. 25 lbs.	Yes.....	4-1-44, month.
Dipentene.....	13 (Issued 4-17-44).....	20th.....	5 gals.....	Yes.....	5-1-44, month.
Acrylic monomer and resin.....	17 (Issued 5-5-44).....	10th.....	Cast sheet 50 square feet..... Molded sheet 50 square feet..... Molding powder 100 pounds..... Cast shapes 50 pounds..... Tube 25 pounds..... Rod 25 pounds..... Solution 400 pounds (1 bbl.)..... Emulsion 400 pounds (1 bbl.)..... Monomer 10 gallons (80 lbs.)..... Granular polymers 100 lbs.....	None.....	1-1-43, month.
Styrene and dichlorostyrene.....	18 (Issued 5-5-44).....	20th.....	375 lbs. 5 lbs.	None.....	6-1-42, 6-1-44, 1 month.

APPENDIX C—ALLOCATION USING FORM WPB-2947 (FORMERLY PD-602) FOR SUPPLIERS, AND CUSTOMERS' FORM WPB-3343 (FORMERLY PD-600) FOR LARGE ORDERS AND USE CERTIFICATES FOR INTERMEDIATE ORDERS

(NOTE: Glycols, under Schedule 15, added since Mar. 16, 1944)

Material 1	Schedule 2	Customers' Applications		Small order exemption per allocation period. ("u" indicates use restriction in schedule; "c" indicates small order certificate required by schedule) 5	Suppliers' filing date (WPB-2947) 6	Report On Form WPB-3442 7	Initial allocation date and allocation period 8
		On Form WPB-2945, filing date and quantities per allocation period from all suppliers. 3	Use certificate quantities per allocation period from all suppliers. 4				
Thiamine hydrochloride.....	3 (Issued 2-11-44).....	15th—more than 2,000 grams.	Between 100-2,000 grams.	100 grams.....	20th.....	None.....	5-4-43, month.
Citric acid.....	6 (Issued 3-28-44).....	1st—15,000 pounds or more.	Between 440-15,000 pounds.	440 pounds per quarter.	10th.....	On Form WPB-2972 (instead).	7-1-42, quarter.
Glycols: Ethylene glycol..... Propylene glycol..... Diethylene glycol..... Triethylene glycol..... Mixed glycols.....	15 (Issued 5-5-44).....	12th—more than: 75,000 lbs..... 10,000 lbs..... 75,000 lbs..... 2,600 lbs..... 5,000 lbs.....	Between 5,000-7,500 lbs. 950-10,000 lbs. 1,000-7,500 lbs. 600-2,600 lbs. 1,000-5,000 lbs.	5,000 lbs. 50 lbs. 1,000 lbs. 600 lbs. 1,000 lbs.	10th.....	None.....	10-1-42, month.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 17]

ACRYLIC MONOMER AND ACRYLIC RESIN

§ 3295.1017 Schedule 17 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this schedule and Order M-300:

(1) "Acrylic monomer" means the first grade unpolymerized forms of the methyl and higher esters of acrylic and methacrylic acids.

(2) "Acrylic resin" means the first grade polymerized form of the methyl and higher esters of acrylic and methacrylic acids, in the following forms:

First grade cast sheet (unfabricated) not including pieces having an area of less than three square feet produced as a by-product of normal casting or fabricating operations.

First grade molded sheet (unfabricated).
First grade molding powder.
First grade rod.
First grade tube.
First grade solution.
First grade emulsion.
First grade cast primary shapes.
First grade acrylic denture-base material.
First grade granular polymers.

(3) "Supplier" of acrylic monomer and acrylic resin means any person who: (i) Synthesizes monomer from raw materials; or (ii) Manufactures acrylic monomer by de-polymerization of acrylic resin; or (iii) Manufactures acrylic resin by polymerization of acrylic monomer; or (iv) Purchases acrylic monomer or acrylic resin for the purpose of resale without further fabrication, processing or admixing.

(b) General provisions. Acrylic monomer and acrylic resin are subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as Appendix B materials. The initial allocation date is January 1, 1943, the date when these materials first became subject to allocation under Order M-260 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month. The small order exemption per person per month, without

use certificate, is each and all the following:

Cast sheet..... 50 square feet
Molded sheet..... 50 square feet
Molding powder..... 100 pounds
Cast shapes..... 50 pounds
Tube..... 25 pounds
Rod..... 25 pounds
Solution..... 400 pounds (1 barrel)
Emulsion..... 400 pounds (1 barrel)
Monomer..... 10 gallons (80 pounds)
Granular polymers..... 100 pounds

Small order quantities may be received in addition to allocated quantities for experimental use and also to complete current jobs for which acrylic monomer or resin has been allocated, notwithstanding paragraph (p) (2) of Order M-300.

(c) Special interim provisions. Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-260 (revoked).

(d) Special dental exception. A supplier who delivers acrylic monomer and acrylic resin exclusively for dental use may make such deliveries, and his customers may order and accept delivery for

dental use, without restriction under this order.

(e) *Special exception for suppliers' intra-company deliveries:* In the case of any group of suppliers under common ownership and control who produce both acrylic monomer and acrylic resin for general purposes, the monomer producing units may deliver acrylic monomer to the resin producing units to the extent necessary to produce resin to fill authorized orders, and the resin producing units may receive and use the monomer for this purpose, without application or specific authorization.

(f) *Suppliers' applications on WPB-2947.* Each supplier (as defined in paragraph (a) (3) above) seeking authorization to use or deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2947 (formerly PD-602). The filing date is the 15th day of the month before the proposed use or delivery month. Send three certified copies to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-17. File a separate set of applications for each plant and for each different grade or type of acrylic monomer or acrylic resin as set forth in paragraph (a) (2) above. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on uncertified small orders. Purchase orders or releases against purchase orders for aircraft glazing sheet shall not be listed individually, but totals shall be listed. Fill in Table II.

(g) *Military emergency shipments.* A supplier may make application on Form WPB-2947 for authorization to expedite shipments against anticipated emergency war orders from the Armed Services or their contractors. Column 1 shall read "Emergency shipments against Government contracts". Column 4 shall show the aggregate quantity of the proposed shipments. From the quantity allocated on this application the supplier may make such shipments without further authorization. Subsequently, on the first WPB-2947 form filed after the end of the month, the supplier shall report his emergency shipments by listing in the usual manner the customers, end uses and quantities. An entry shall be made in Column 7 for each such customer to show that the material was expedited and that shipment was made in the preceding month, as, for example, "Expedited—May". In the case of emergency shipments to contractors, suppliers must obtain written or telegraphic certification from the Armed Service involved, stating that an emergency exists. Any unused material in the "emergency pool" at the end of the month shall be returned to inventory.

(h) *Certified uses with purchase orders.* Each person placing purchase orders for delivery of more than the small order exemption quantity shall furnish each supplier with a certified statement of proposed use, in the form prescribed in Appendix D of General Allocation Order M-300. Examples of end uses are: "Aircraft radio lens", "Industrial steamgauge lens", "Military denture-base material" or "Civilian denture-base material". Military items are those which are being produced against a

prime or sub-contract for the Armed Services. Confidential end uses may be described in general terms but the prime contract number must be specified.

(i) *Budget Bureau approval.* The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(j) *Communications to the War Production Board.* Communications concerning this schedule shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-17.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 18]

STYRENE AND DICHLOROSTYRENE

§ 3293.1018 *Schedule 18 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definitions.* (1) "Styrene" means styrene (vinyl benzene) in any form and from whatever source derived.

(2) "Dichlorostyrene" means dichlorostyrenes in any form and from whatever source derived.

(b) *General provisions.* Styrene and dichlorostyrene are subject to the provisions of General Allocation Order M-300 as Appendix B materials. The initial allocation date for styrene is June 1, 1942, when styrene first became subject to allocation under Order M-170 (revoked), and the initial allocation date for dichlorostyrene is June 1, 1944. The allocation period is the calendar month. The small order exemption without use certificate is 375 pounds of styrene and 5 pounds of dichlorostyrene per person per month.

(c) *Special interim provision.* Use, delivery, and acceptance of delivery of styrene prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-170 (revoked).

(d) *Rubber Reserve Company exemption for styrene.* Subject to any special directions issued by the War Production Board pursuant to this order:

(1) Rubber Reserve Company and each operator, pursuant to contract with Rubber Reserve Company, of any plant owned by any department or agency of the United States Government, may use styrene for the production of synthetic rubber, or may deliver styrene to, or accept delivery of styrene from, Rubber Reserve Company or any other such operator, without application or specific authorization under this order.

(2) Any supplier may, pursuant to contract with Rubber Reserve Company, deliver styrene to, and such delivery may be accepted by, Rubber Reserve Company or any operator of a plant owned by any department or agency of the United

States Government, for use in the production of synthetic rubber, without application or specific authorization under this order: *Provided, however,* That no supplier shall make any such delivery which would prevent completion of other deliveries of styrene specifically authorized or directed to be made by such supplier during the same calendar month.

(e) *Suppliers' applications on WPB-2947.* Each supplier seeking authorization to use or deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2947 (formerly PD-602). The filing date is the 20th day of the month preceding the proposed delivery month. File separate sets of forms for styrene and dichlorostyrene. Send four certified copies to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-18. The unit of measure is pounds. An aggregate quantity may be requested without specifying customers' names for delivery on uncertified exempt small orders. Fill in Table II.

(f) *Certified statements of use.* Each person placing a purchase order for delivery of more than 375 pounds of styrene or 5 pounds of dichlorostyrene per month in the aggregate from all suppliers shall furnish each supplier with a certified statement of proposed use, in the form prescribed in Appendix D of General Allocation Order M-300. End use may be specified as "non oil resistant synthetic rubber subject to Order R-1", "polystyrene subject to Order M-300-19", or as any other specified use. Proposed use may also be specified as "for authorized resale", "for resale on exempt small orders", and "for export" (specify destination and export license number).

(g) *Budget Bureau approval.* The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(h) *Communications to War Production Board.* Communications concerning this schedule shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-18.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 19]

POLYSTYRENE AND POLYDICHLOROSTYRENE

§ 3293.1019 *Schedule 19 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definitions.* (1) "Polystyrene" means the polymers of styrene (vinyl benzene), but does not include the copolymers of styrene with other monomers such as butadiene or methyl methacrylate. The term "Polystyrene" does not include fabricated forms of polystyrene such as sheets, rods, tubes, molded parts or coated fabric, and does not include poly-

styrene scrap or polystyrene consisting entirely of reprocessed scrap.

(2) "Polydichlorostyrene" means the polymers of dichlorostyrenes, but does not include the copolymers of dichlorostyrenes with other monomers such as butadiene or methyl methacrylate. The term "polydichlorostyrene" does not include fabricated forms of polydichlorostyrene such as sheets, rods, tubes, molded parts or coated fabric, and does not include polydichlorostyrene scrap or polydichlorostyrene consisting entirely of reprocessed scrap.

(b) *General provisions.* Polystyrene and polydichlorostyrene are subject to the provisions of General Allocation Order M-300 as Appendix A materials. The initial allocation date for polydichlorostyrene is June 1, 1944, and for polystyrene is May 1, 1943, when polystyrene first became subject to allocation under Order M-170-a (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month, and the small order exemption per person is 100 lbs. of polystyrene and 5 lbs. of polydichlorostyrene.

Small order quantities may be received in addition to allocated quantities for experimental use and also to complete current jobs for which polystyrene or polydichlorostyrene has been allocated, notwithstanding paragraph (p) (2) of Order M-300. There shall be no limitations on duration of authority for use under this schedule, notwithstanding paragraph (v) of Order M-300.

(c) *Special interim provisions for polystyrene.* Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of polystyrene prior to June 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-170-a (revoked).

(d) *Suppliers' applications on Form WPB-2946.* Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver polystyrene or polydichlorostyrene shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). The filing date is the 22nd day of the month before the proposed delivery month. Send three certified copies to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference M-300-19. File separate sets of forms for polystyrene and polydichlorostyrene. The unit of measure is pounds. Specify grade or physical form as stated in the customer's application. An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying individual customers' names for delivery on exempt small orders. Fill in Table II.

(e) *Customers' applications on Form WPB-2945.* Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery of polystyrene or polydichlorostyrene shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 15th day of the month before the requested allocation month. Send three certified copies to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-19, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier if any. File separate sets of forms for polystyrene and polydichlorostyrene, and for each different supplier. The unit of measure is pounds.

In Column 3 specify each primary product, or specify "resale" or "Exports", if the polystyrene or polydichlorostyrene

is to be resold or exported as such. In Column 4 specify the end use of each primary product, giving military contract numbers if practicable. In the case of exports specify the country of destination and export license number. Fill in the balance of Table I and fill in Tables II and III as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

(f) *Budget Bureau approval.* The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(g) *Communications to War Production Board.* Communications concerning this schedule shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-300-19.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Allocation Order M-357, Revocation]

METALLIC SODIUM

Section 3293.561 Allocation Order M-357 is hereby revoked, effective when metallic sodium becomes subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300, Appendix A, Schedule 16. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of these materials prior to May 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-357.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

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PART 3294—IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION

[Supplementary Order M-21-e, as Amended
May 5, 1944]

TIN PLATE, TERNE PLATE AND TIN MILL BLACK PLATE

§ 3294.101 *Supplementary Order M-21-e.* (a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Tin plate" means steel sheets coated with tin (including primes, seconds, and waste-waste) and includes:

(i) "Electrolytic tin plate," in which the tin coating is applied by electrolytic deposition, and

(ii) "Hot dipped tin plate," in which the tin coating is applied by immersion in molten tin.

(2) "Terne plate" means steel sheets coated with terne metal (including primes, seconds, and waste-waste) and includes:

(i) "Short ternes," meaning steel sheets coated with terne metal on tin mill coating machines, and

(ii) "Long ternes," meaning steel sheets coated with terne metal on sheet mill coating machines.

(3) "Reconditioned tin plate or terne plate" means damaged tin plate or terne plate which has been put into useable condition by recoating.

(4) "Terne metal" means the lead-tin alloy used as the coating for terne plate, but does not include lead recovered from secondary sources which contains not more than 2½% residual tin.

(b) *Restrictions on use of tin plate and terne plate.* Except to the extent specified in Schedule A:

(1) No person shall use tin plate or terne plate in the production of any item or part thereof.

(2) No person shall use hot dipped tin plate with a pot yield in excess of 1.25 pounds per base box except in gauges heavier than 112 pounds per base box, which have been coated with the minimum practicable weight of tin.

(3) No person shall use electrolytic tin plate with a tin coating (as determined by average spot coating tests) in excess of .50 pound per base box.

(4) No person shall use short ternes with a pot yield in excess of 1.30 pounds per base box.

(5) No person shall use long ternes with a pot yield in excess of 4 pounds per base box.

(c) *Restrictions on use of terne metal.* Unless specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board:

(1) No person shall use terne metal containing over 15% tin in tin mill coating machines.

(2) No person shall use terne metal containing over 10% tin in sheet mill coating machines.

(d) *Restrictions on production, sale, and delivery of tin plate and terne plate.* No person shall produce, sell, or deliver tin plate or terne plate to or for the account of any person if he knows or has reason to believe that such material will be used in violation of the terms of this order or any other or further order or direction of the War Production Board.

(e) *Exceptions.* The provisions of paragraph (b) shall not apply to the materials listed in Schedule B, except that no person shall use such materials in the production of any items, or parts thereof, other than those items in the production of which iron or steel is permitted by other existing or future orders of the War Production Board.

(f) *Substitution of material with lower tin content.* Wherever Schedule A permits use of tin plate or terne plate in any grade, tin plate or terne plate coated with less tin per base box may be used.

(g) *Special directions.* The War Production Board may from time to time issue special directions as to production, sale, delivery, and use of tin plate, terne plate and tin mill black plate, which may include directions as to the tin or lead content of tin plate and terne plate.

(h) [Deleted May 5, 1944]

(i) *Applicability of other orders.* Insofar as any other order of the War Production Board may have the effect of limiting to a greater extent than herein provided the use of any material in the production of any item, the limitation of such order shall be observed.

(j) *Appeal.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(k) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may

be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(l) *Communications.* All reports to be filed hereunder and communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Steel Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: M-21-e.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A

NOTE: Items 6, 12, 18, and 27 amended; Items 34 and 35 added May 5, 1944.

Permitted uses	Permitted materials	Maximum permitted coating of tin or of terne metal
1. Articles to be purchased by or for the account of the Army of the U. S.	As specified (including performance specifications).	
2. Articles to be purchased by or for the account of the Navy of the U. S.	As specified (including performance specifications).	
3. Articles to be purchased by or for the account of the U. S. Maritime Commission.	As specified (including performance specifications).	
4. Articles to be purchased by or for the account of the War Shipping Administration.	As specified (including performance specifications).	
5. Cans.	As specifically authorized by Order M-31, as amended.	
6. Closures.	As specifically authorized by or pursuant to Conservation Order M-31, as amended.	
7. Baking pans for institutions and commercial bakers.	Hot dipped tin plate. Electrolytic tin plate. Reconditioned tin plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.60 lb. per base box.
8. Brushes, power driven.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
9. Carbide non-explosive emergency lights.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
10. Chaplets, skimgates and tin forms for foundry use.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate. Electrolytic tin plate. Reconditioned tin plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box. 1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
11. Cheese vats.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate. Hot dipped tin plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
12. Component parts for: Internal combustion engines including air cleaners, cooling systems, fuel systems, and lubricating systems—but only where less essential material is impractical because of corrosion or solderability.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate. Hot dipped tin plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.
13. Cylinder liners for land and fruit presses.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
14. Dairy ware and equipment, including dairy pails, milk strainer pails, hooded milking pails, milk kettles, setter or cream cans, weigh cans, measures and test ware, bottle conveyors, ice cream freezers, milk filters, receiving tanks, separators, strainers, upper and lower troughs and covers for surface type heaters and coolers, and testing equipment.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate. Hot dipped tin plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
15. Diamond cutting wheels.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
16. Dusters, hand, for disinfectant and pest control; parts requiring solderable coatings.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.60 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.
17. Electrical equipment parts requiring solderable coatings.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.60 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.

SCHEDULE A—Continued

Permitted uses	Permitted materials	Maximum permitted coating of tin or of terne metal
18. (a) Fuel tanks, except for automotive equipment.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
(b) Fuel tanks, for automotive equipment.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
19. Gas mask canisters.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
20. Gas meters.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate. Hot dipped tin plate.	3.30 lbs. per base box (2A charcoal). 0.50 lbs. per base box. 1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
21. Heat exchangers.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
22. Integral parts of signal cells—but only for current collectors and baskets.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
23. Lining of drying chambers for milk and egg dehydration.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.
24. Maple syrup evaporators.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	11 lbs. per base box.
25. Oilers.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	11 lbs. per base box.
26. Oil lanterns.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
27. Roofing—but only for repair purposes.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
28. Safety cans for inflammable liquids.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
29. Sprayers, hand, for disinfectant and pest control; bedies, pumps and siphon tubes.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	0.50 lbs. per base box.
30. Textile spinning cylinders, card screens, spools and bobbins.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.
31. Torpedoes for oil and gas well shooting.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
32. Vaporizing liquid fire extinguishers.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
33. Wick holders for oil stoves.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.30 lbs. per base box. 4 lbs. per base box.
34. Closures for steel drums.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.
35. Repair parts for domestic laundry equipment.	Long ternes. Short ternes. Reconditioned terne plate.	1.25 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box. 0.50 lbs. per base box.

SCHEDULE B

- Hot dipped tin plate waste-waste outside the gauge range from 80 to 107 lbs. per base box.
- Electrolytic tin plate waste-waste.
- Short terne waste-waste outside the gauge range from 80 to 107 lbs. per base box.
- Furnace pipe and fitting materials which were in inventory on May 16, 1942, but only for sale or delivery on orders for maintenance and repairs regardless of rating or for sale

or delivery on orders for defense housing to the extent specified in the Defense Housing Critical List.

5. Materials in inventory (other than materials referred to in item 4 of Schedule B above) which were put into process, painted, lacquered, lithographed, or enameled on or before May 16, 1942.

6. Materials outside the gauge range from 75 to 112 lbs. per base box which were in inventory on May 16, 1942.

7. Any item of less than 5 net tons of tin plates, short ternes, or long ternes in the inventory of a person not regularly engaged in the sale of such material which is different from all other items of tin plates, short ternes, or long ternes in such inventory by reason of one or more of its specifications such as length, width, thickness, temper, base steel analysis, coating, method of manufacture, etc.

8. Hot dipped tin plate, electrolytic tin plate, and terne plate where total annual consumption of all of these grades does not exceed 100 base boxes.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6411; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

PART 3296—SAFETY AND TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

[General Limitation Order L-43, as Amended May 5, 1944]

MOTORIZED FIRE APPARATUS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of the materials entering into the manufacture of motorized fire apparatus for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3296.6 *General Limitation Order L-43—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Motorized fire apparatus" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus and auxiliary pumping units of fire apparatus, and includes accessories therefor and equipment thereon.

The term shall not include second hand apparatus nor parts or materials for the repair or maintenance of existing apparatus.

(2) "Sedan" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus of which more than 50% of the area behind the windshield is enclosed.

(3) "Service ladder truck" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus on which the equipment carried consists of service or ground ladders, miscellaneous equipment, and tools.

(4) "Squad car" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus designed to carry men.

(5) "Salvage car" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus designed to carry canvas covers, life nets, and similar equipment.

(6) "Rescue car" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus designed to carry first aid equipment.

(7) "Hose truck" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus designed to carry fire hose.

(8) "Pumper" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus carrying a booster tank, a pump, and hose, which is designed primarily to pump water from sources other than its own booster tank.

(9) "Tank truck" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus carrying a water tank, a pump, and hose, which is designed primarily to pump water from its own water tank rather than from outside sources. The term shall include, but not by way of limitation, so-called "crash trucks".

(10) "Aerial ladder truck" means self-propelled motorized fire apparatus on the chassis of which are combined an aerial ladder and any or all of the following equipment: (i) a complement of service or ground ladders, (ii) fire hose, (iii) a booster tank, (iv) a pump. An aerial ladder truck may also carry miscellaneous equipment.

(11) "Auxiliary pumping unit" means the following types of fire apparatus:

(i) A pump designed to be mounted on the front or side of a self-propelled vehicle and designed to receive its pumping power from the motor of the self-propelled vehicle;

(ii) A pump and motor designed to be mounted on a trailer, skid, or other type of support; and

(iii) A vehicle or other support carrying a pump or a pump and motor of the types described in the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph (a) (11).

The term does not include any pumps covered by Limitation Order L-192 or L-123, or Schedule VII to Limitation Order L-217.

(12) "Copper base alloy" means any alloy in the composition of which the weight of copper equals or exceeds 40 per cent of the weight of all metal in the alloy.

(13) "Specification of the War Production Board" means the specification for 500 and 750 g. p. m. pumpers on file at the offices of the Safety and Technical Equipment Division of the War Production Board, Washington, 25 D. C. (Copies of this specification may be obtained by addressing a communication to the address indicated in paragraph (k) of this order.)

(14) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing, fabricating or assembling motorized fire apparatus.

(15) "Distributor" means any person engaged in the business of purchasing and reselling motorized fire apparatus without further fabrication of such apparatus.

(16) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(b) *Restrictions on manufacture of motorized fire apparatus.* Except as permitted by paragraph (c) of this order, no manufacturer shall take any action to commence, continue or complete the manufacture of:

(1) Any sedan, service ladder truck, squad car, salvage car, rescue car, or hose truck;

(2) Any chassis for use in connection with a pumper carrying a centrifugal pump of 500 g. p. m. capacity, as rated by the National Board of Fire Underwriters, unless such pumper is being manufactured for delivery to or for the account of the Navy of the United States, Lend-Lease, or any person to whom an export license covering the specific equipment has been issued by the Foreign Economic Administration;

(3) Any 1½ ton chassis for use in connection with a tank truck, unless

such tank truck is being manufactured for delivery to or for the account of the Navy of the United States or Lend-Lease;

(4) Any pumper except the following types:

(i) Pumpers which carry centrifugal pumps of either 500 or 750 g. p. m. capacities, as rated by the National Board of Fire Underwriters, and which conform to the "Specification of the War Production Board", and

(ii) Pumpers which carry centrifugal pumps of 1000 or 1250 g. p. m. capacity, as rated by the National Board of Fire Underwriters: *Provided, however,* That the manufacture of such pumpers shall not be commenced until the specifications therefor have been submitted to the War Production Board and have been specifically approved by the War Production Board;

(5) Any tank truck except one having a pump capacity of not more than 400 g. p. m. and carrying a water tank of a capacity of 250 gallons or more, *Provided, however,* That the restrictions set forth in this subparagraph (5) shall not apply to the manufacture of tank trucks for delivery to or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States or Lend-Lease;

(6) Any aerial ladder truck except one carrying

(i) An extension ladder of not less than 65 feet nor more than 100 feet in length;

(ii) Not more than 500 feet of 2½ inch fire hose, if hose is required;

(iii) A booster tank of not less than 100 gallon nor more than 200 gallon capacity, if a booster tank is required; and (iv) A pump having a capacity of not more than 100 g. p. m., if a pump is required.

(c) *Exceptions.* (1) Notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in paragraph (b) of this order any motorized fire apparatus in the process of manufacture on April 16, 1943, may be completed to fill purchase orders bearing preference ratings which had been assigned to the person placing the order prior to April 16, 1943. Deliveries of such apparatus may be made and accepted without further authorization under paragraph (e) (5) (iii) of this order.

(2) The provisions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (3) of this order shall not be construed to prohibit any alteration or further fabrication of chassis which have been obtained under the provisions of General Conservation Order M-100.

(d) *Restrictions on use of materials in motorized fire apparatus.* Except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board, no manufacturer shall incorporate in the manufacture of any motorized fire apparatus, or of any component part thereof, any aluminum, cadmium, copper, copper base alloy, chromium, nickel, tin, rubber or synthetic rubber, except to the extent permitted in Appendix A, attached to this order.

(e) *Restrictions on sale and delivery of motorized fire apparatus.* (1) No manufacturer or distributor shall install a bell on any motorized fire apparatus,

and no person shall sell or deliver any bell which he knows or has reason to believe will be used in connection with motorized fire apparatus;

(2) No manufacturer or distributor shall install any new or used rubber tires on any auxiliary pumping unit, and no person shall sell or deliver any new or used rubber tires which he knows or has reason to believe will be used on an auxiliary pumping unit, except to fill "government orders" as defined in Rubber Order R-1.

(3) No manufacturer or distributor shall sell, deliver, or otherwise supply:

(i) Any accessories or equipment for use in connection with new motorized fire apparatus other than the types and kinds permitted for pumps by paragraph D-20 of the "Specification of the War Production Board."

(ii) Any intercooler for use in connection with any auxiliary pumping unit, except where it is to be used in place of a radiator.

(iii) Any tachometer for use in connection with motorized fire apparatus, except tachometers which were completed and in the possession of manufacturers or distributors on April 16, 1943.

(4) No person shall sell or deliver any suction hose for use in connection with motorized fire apparatus except to fill purchase orders bearing preference ratings of AA-5 or higher;

(5) No person shall sell or deliver any pumper, tank truck, aerial ladder truck, or auxiliary pumping unit, except to or for the account of:

(i) The Army or Navy of the United States;

(ii) Any agency of the United States Government for delivery to or for the account of the government of any country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled, "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act); or

(iii) Any other person who has been authorized by the War Production Board on Form WPB-1319 to receive the specific motorized fire apparatus and has delivered to his supplier a copy of such form signed in the name of the War Production Board.

(6) No person shall purchase or accept delivery of any material if he knows or has reason to believe that the sale or delivery of such material is prohibited by the terms of subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this paragraph (e).

(f) Authorizations on Form WPB-1319. (1) [Deleted February 16, 1944.]

(2) Any authorization by the War Production Board on Form WPB-1319 may be granted subject to any conditions which the War Production Board deems necessary. Such conditions may include the requirement that a different size or type of apparatus be obtained, or any other condition. The War Production Board may also assign a preference rating on Form WPB-1319 if such rating is deemed necessary.

(g) [Deleted May 5, 1944]

(h) Violations. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United

States is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(i) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(j) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(k) Correspondence. Reports to be filed and other communications concerning this order shall be addressed to the War Production Board, Safety and Technical Equipment Division, Washington (25), D. C., Ref: L-43.

Issued this 5th day of May 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX A

In accordance with paragraph (d) of this order, the materials named in that paragraph may be incorporated in the manufacture of motorized fire apparatus, or of component parts thereof, to the extent indicated below, unless any of the uses specified herein shall conflict with the provisions of any other limitation ("L") or conservation ("M") order, in which case the more restrictive order shall control:

NOTE: Former subparagraphs (1), (2), (4) and (9) deleted; former subparagraphs (3), (5), (6), (7) and (8) redesignated (1), (3), (4), (6), and (7); a new subparagraph (2) added May 5, 1944.

(1) Aluminum, only to the extent permitted by Supplementary Order M-1-1 or by any specific authorization under that order;

(2) Cadmium, only to the extent permitted by General Preference Order M-65 or by any relief granted on appeal taken under that order;

(3) Chromium, in alloy steel for any part; and in plating to the extent essential to the efficient functioning of the parts plated;

(4) Copper or copper base alloy (of the lowest type and grade which is practical for the particular application), in automotive parts; intercoolers; suction tube caps; discharge valve caps; valves (not including the handles); relief valves; impellers, rings and rotors; and in fire pumps, but the alloy for the body of the pump shall not contain more than 74% copper and 2% tin;

(5) Nickel, in alloy steel for any part; ¹

¹ The War Production Board is at present restricting the types and grades of alloy steel, other than National Emergency Triple Alloy Steel (nickel-chromium-molybdenum), that may be produced for particular end uses. If a manufacturer desires to have alloy steel of a restricted type or grade produced for him, the matter should be discussed with the Steel Division of the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C.

(6) Rubber or synthetic rubber, only to the extent permitted by Rubber Order R-1 or by any relief granted on appeal taken under that order;

(7) Tin, in copper base alloys (where no tin-free alloy can be used); and in solders and babbitts to the extent permitted by Preference Order M-43.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6412; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:32 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Rev. RO 13, Amdt. 29]

PROCESSED FOODS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 9.11 is amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

(i) Sales by certain activities of Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard. The Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard may, in accordance with arrangements made with the Washington Office, authorize army exchanges, post exchanges, ships' service departments ashore, sales commissaries and commissary stores to sell, at less than their full point value, processed foods which cannot be sold at their full point value because they are in imminent danger of spoilage.

This amendment shall become effective May 9, 1944.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong., E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; Food Directive 3, 8 F.R. 2005, and Food Directive 5, 8 F.R. 2251)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6377; Filed, May 4, 1944; 4:04 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 16, Amdt. 135]

MEAT, FATS, FISH AND CHEESES

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order 16 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 6.10 is amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

(i) The Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard may, in accordance with ar-

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

² 9 F.R. 3, 104, 574, 695, 765, 848, 1397, 1727, 1817, 1908, 2233, 2234, 2240.

³ 8 F.R. 13128, 13394, 13980, 14399, 14923, 14764, 14845, 15253, 15454, 15524, 16160, 16101, 16260, 16263, 16424, 16527, 16606, 16695, 16730, 16797, 16855, 17326; 9 F.R. 104, 106, 220, 403, 677, 695, 849, 1054, 1532, 1581, 1728, 1818, 1909, 2235, 2240, 2406.

rangements made with the Washington Office, authorize army exchanges, post exchanges, ships' service departments ashore, sales commissaries and commissary stores to sell, at less than their full point value, foods covered by this order which cannot be sold at their full point value because they are in imminent danger of spoilage.

2. Section 10.11 is amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

(i) *Sales by certain activities of Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard.* The Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard may, in accordance with arrangements made with the Washington Office, authorize army exchanges, post exchanges, ships' service departments ashore, sales commissaries and commissary stores to sell, at less than their full point value, foods covered by this order which cannot be sold at their full point value because they are in imminent danger of spoilage.

This amendment shall become effective May 9, 1944.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; and Supp. Dir. 1-M, 7 F.R. 8234; Food Directive 1, 8 F.R. 827; Food Dir. 3, 8 F.R. 2005; Food Dir. 5, 8 F.R. 2251; Food Dir. 6, 8 F.R. 3471; Food Dir. 7, 8 F.R. 3471)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6378; Filed, May 4, 1944;
4:04 p. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS [MPR 373, Amdt. 56]

MAINLAND MEAT AND DAIRY PRODUCTS IN HAWAII

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation 373 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 19 (j) is amended to read as follows:

(j) *Calculation of the base price.*

(1) Except in the case of purchases from the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, the base price shall be an amount not in excess of the items described in subdivisions (i) through (ix) below. If any of the items have been absorbed by the seller, they may not again be added.

(i) An amount equal to the lower of either the amount the wholesaler paid the mainland supplier less all discounts and allowances except the discount for cash or prompt payment and before the addition of any premium or other charge

permitted under the Second Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation,² or the mainland suppliers maximum price permitted under the following mainland maximum price regulations, whichever governs the sale of the commodity in question: Maximum Price Regulation 169³ (Beef and Veal Carcasses and Wholesale Cuts), Maximum Price Regulation 239⁴ (Lamb and Mutton Carcasses and Cuts at Wholesale and Retail), Maximum Price Regulation 148⁵ (Dressed Hogs and Wholesale Pork Cuts), Maximum Price Regulation 269⁶ (Poultry). However, if the mainland supplier processes or otherwise prepares the commodity for shipment and bills the wholesaler for this service as a separate item on the invoice, the wholesaler may add the amount of any such charge actually incurred.

(ii) If the wholesaler must process or prepare the commodity for shipment at his own expense subsequent to purchase from the mainland supplier, an amount equal to such charges actually incurred.

(iii) An amount equal to the transportation charges, if any, actually incurred by the wholesaler for transportation from the mainland point at which the wholesaler received delivery to the mainland port of shipment, including such charges in connection therewith as were theretofore customarily included, such as icing charges, switching, demurrage, and the like.

(iv) An amount equal to the actual cold storage charges, and insurance in connection therewith at point of shipment actually incurred by the wholesaler.

(v) An amount computed at the rate of 12¢ per 100 pounds net weight to cover cartage from warehouse to dock at point of shipment, except that for eggs the rate shall be 5¢ per case.

(vi) The amount actually incurred for ocean freight, war risk and marine insurance, which, however, shall not be higher than the following:

Refrigerated:	Per 100 pounds net weight
Beef, veal, pork, lamb and mutton carcasses and wholesale cuts, bone in, in cloth or burlap.....	\$3.50
All meat cuts, boneless or bone in, in containers, weighing over 15# per 100# net weight of content.....	4.00
All meat cuts, boneless or bone in, in containers, weighing from 10# to 15# per 100# net weight of content.....	3.80
All meat cuts, boneless or bone in, in containers, weighing under 10# per 100# net weight of content.....	3.80
Variety meats (in boxes):	
Liver and sweetbreads.....	4.10
Tongue, hearts, kidneys, brains, cooked tripe, etc.....	3.80
Variety meats (in pails):	
Liver and sweetbreads.....	4.20
Tongue, hearts, kidneys, tails, etc.....	4.00
Fresh or smoked sausage or ready-to-eat meats (typical items are frankfurters, bologna and meat loaves).....	3.80

² 8 F.R. 4132, 5987, 7662, 9393, 15193; 9 F.R. 1036.

³ 9 F.R. 1121, 2023, 2135, 3424.

⁴ 9 F.R. 2894.

⁵ 9 F.R. 1996, 3083, 4039.

⁶ 8 F.R. 13813, 14016, 15253, 14854, 15100, 16793; 9 F.R. 95, 612, 902, 96, 1036, 1941, 3233, 3345, 4356.

Refrigerated—Continued.	Per 100 pounds net weight
Poultry (except turkeys):—	
Regular dressed.....	\$3.90
Eviscerated.....	4.10
Turkeys.....	4.25
Canned eggs:	
Whites, naked tins.....	3.70
Whites, tins, in cartons.....	3.90
Whole naked tins.....	3.80
Whole tins in cartons.....	4.00
Sugared yolks, naked tins.....	3.90
Sugared yolks, tins in cartons.....	4.10
Butter.....	3.40
Shelled eggs (per case).....	1.95
Unrefrigerated:	
Smoked meats (typical items are ham, bacon, picnics, etc.).....	1.40
Dry salt bellies.....	1.00
Dry sausage (typical items are salami, cervelat).....	1.55
Pork and beef cuts in brine.....	1.40
Fresh and smoked sausage or ready-to-eat meats.....	1.50
Cheese.....	1.15
Powdered milk.....	1.20
Shelled eggs, per case.....	.90
Gelatin (bulk).....	1.90

Note: For commodities other than those listed above the amounts to be added for ocean freight and insurance in connection therewith, shall be the charges actually incurred.

(vii) An amount for cartage charges from dock to warehouse computed at a rate of 12¢ per 100# net weight, except that for eggs the rate shall be 5¢ per case. These cartage charges may be added only if the commodity is moved from the dock at the wholesaler's expense.

(viii) An amount equal to cold storage charges actually incurred by the wholesaler in the Territory after the first 30 days but not exceeding 90 days. A wholesaler who operates his own storage plant may add an amount equal to customary public cold storage rates. All storage charges for products that are in storage for 30 days or less shall be absorbed by the wholesaler.

(ix) On sales to other islands, an amount for cartage charges from warehouse to dock at the rate of 12¢ per 100# net weight, except that for eggs the rate shall be 5¢ per case. These cartage charges may be added only if the commodity is moved to the dock at the wholesaler's expense.

2. Section 19 (k) is amended by adding a new undesignated paragraph to read as follows:

However, the provisions of this paragraph as applied to certain commodities subject thereto may be modified by Order of the Territorial Director of the Office of Price Administration.

3. Section 19 (1) (4) (v) is hereby revoked.

This amendment shall become effective as of April 25, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6381; Filed, May 4, 1944;
4:05 p. m.]

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

⁷ 8 F.R. 5388, 6359, 6849, 7200, 7457, 8084, 8550, 10270, 10666, 10984, 11247, 11437, 11849, 12299, 12703, 13023, 13342, 13500, 14139, 14305, 14688, 15253, 15369, 15851, 15852, 15862, 16866, 16997, 17201; 9 F.R. 173, 393.

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

[RMFR 183, Amdt. 32]

GROCERY ITEMS AND LIQUORS IN PUERTO RICO

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 183 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 20 Table 3 is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Fruit Cocktail: Sweet Life.	24/#2½ can.	\$8.75		\$0.47
Pears, Bartlett halves: Supreme.	24/#2½ can.	8.75		.47
Peaches, Yellow Oling halves: Supreme.	24/#2½ can.	7.60		.40
Flotill.	24/#2½ can.	7.50		.40
Plums, Purple fancy: Sweet Life.	6/#10 can.	4.75		1.00

2. Section 20 Table 3a is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Apple Jelly: Spencer.	24/#1 jar.	\$4.55		\$0.26
Fig Jam: Tropic Treat.	12/35 oz. jar.	6.35		.69
Plum Jam: Spencer.	24/#1 jar.	5.75		.31
Marmalade, Grapefruit: Spear.	12/2# jar.	4.00		.43
Marmalade, Grapefruit and Orange: Acme.	12/2# jar.	4.00		.43
Marmalade, Orange: Spear.	24/#1 jar.	4.65		.25

3. Section 21 Table 4 is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Pear Nectar: Chevy Chase.	100/5½ oz. tin.	\$6.30		\$0.08
Heart's Delight.	48/#1 tall tin.	6.85		.18
Apple Juice: Motts.	12 quarts.	3.25		.35

4. Section 22 Table 6a is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹ 8 F.R. 9532, 10763, 10906, 11437, 11847, 12649, 10937, 12632, 13165, 13847, 14090, 14765, 15195.

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Potted Meat: Libby.	36/5¼ oz.	\$3.45		\$0.13
Luncheon Tongue: Hormel.	12/6# tins.	\$0.465 lb.		\$0.63 lb.
Liverwurst: Stahl Meyer.	48/6 oz. tins.	\$3.10		\$0.20

5. Section 24 Table 8 is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Sauce:				
Sacramento.	72/8 oz. tins.	\$4.80		\$0.08
Above Par.	72/8 oz. tins.	4.65		.08
Sunblest.	48/11 oz. tins.	3.80		.10
Blue Bow.	48/10½ oz. tins.	4.00		.10
Blue Sky.	72/8 oz. tins.	4.80		.08
Puree: Sweet Life.	24/2½ tin.	5.20		.27

6. Section 25 Table 10 is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Asparagus, center cuts: Deerfield.	24/#2 can.	\$5.20		\$0.28
Asparagus Spears: Rialto.	24/#2 can.	8.75		.47
Beans, green cut #3 sieve: Exquisite.	24/#2 can.	\$3.70	4.25	.23
Beans, green cut #4 sieve: Exquisite.	24/#2 can.	3.60	4.15	.22
Beans, green French style: Exquisite.	24/#2 can.	3.60	4.15	.22
Pork and Beans:				
Hurf.	24/17 oz. can.	2.50	2.85	.15
Hurf.	24/20 oz. can.	3.00	3.40	.18
Van Camp.	24/#300 (20 oz. can).	2.05	3.40	.18
Van Camp.	48/10 ¼ oz. can.	3.45	4.00	.11
Nor East.	24/22 oz. can.	3.55		.19
Beans, Red Kidney: Green Pac.	24/#1 can.	8.35		.18
Beets, diced: Supreme.	24/#2 can.	3.75		.20
Peas, sweet: Supreme.	24/#2 can.	5.10		.26
Mixed Vegetables: Supreme.	24/#2 can.	4.25		.23

7. Section 32 Table 18a is amended by adding new items to read as follows:

Brand	Container size and unit	To wholesaler	At wholesale	At retail
Olive Oil: Torino.	24/12 oz. bot.	\$19.25		\$1.00
Vegetable:				
Top Flight.	36/1 oz. bot.	\$1.25	1.40	1.05
Sayola.	6/½ gal. jug.	4.90	5.30	1.10
Arcola.	24/6 oz. bot.		3.25	.16
Ricercata.	6/1 gal. tin.		12.55	2.60
Fiorella.	24/4 oz. bot.		2.30	.12
Fiorella.	24/6 oz. bot.		3.00	.15

¹ Or two for 9 cents.

8. Section 33 Table 19 is amended by adding a new item to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Sales to whole-salers	Sales at whole-sale	Sales at retail
Pilchards in brine.	Price per pound \$0.11	Price per pound \$0.1225	Price per pound \$0.10

9. Section 33a Table 19a is amended by adding new items and by changing the price of one item to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Salmon:				
Chum.	48/8 oz. tin.	\$6.00	\$6.60	\$0.16
Keta.	48/8 oz. tin.	6.00	6.60	.16
Pilchards: Tomato.	48/#1 oval tin.	6.60	6.60	.16

10. Section 36 Table 23 is amended by changing the prices of certain items and by adding certain items to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at wholesale	Retail price (per unit)
Quaker:				
Farina.	12/23 oz. pkg.	\$2.45	\$2.70	\$0.23
Hominy Grits.	24/24 oz. pkg.	2.49	2.63	.11
White Cornmeal.	24/24 oz. pkg.	2.40	2.63	.11
Yellow Cornmeal.	24/24 oz. pkg.	2.40	2.63	.11
General Foods:				
Grape Nuts.	50/1 oz. pkg.	1.20	1.35	1.01
Grape Nuts.	60/1 oz. pkg.	1.20	1.35	1.01
Flakes.				
Post Toasties.	50/1 oz. pkg.	1.20	1.35	1.01
Kellogg: Pep.	36/8 oz. pkg.	4.30	4.80	.17

¹ Or two for 7 cents.

11 Section 40 Table 29 is amended to read as follows:

TABLE 29—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR CHEESE

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to wholesaler	Price at whole sale	Retail price
Kraft Cheddar Cheese	12 1/2# thus	\$3 70	\$4 00	\$0 42 per unit
Noml, grated cheese.....	14 1/2# 1/2 oz	33 lb	36 1/2 lb	12 per unit
Natural American Cheddar.....		30 lb	38 1/2 lb	46 lb
Processed Cheddar leaves weighing more than two pounds each				40 lb

12 Section 40 Table 30 is amended to read as follows:

TABLE 30—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR EVAPORATED MILK

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to whole sale	Price at whole sale	Retail price
Evaporated Milk	72/3 oz can...	\$3 65	\$3 85	\$0 06
Evaporated Milk	48/14 1/2 oz can	4 39	4 02	11

13 Section 42 Table 33d is amended by adding new items as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit—Case of—	Price to whole sale	Price at whole sale	Retail price
Table Salt	33 1/2# pkg	\$1 45	\$1 65	\$0 03
Gorby Evaporated Salt	24 1/2# pkg	1 70	1 00	10

14 Section 42 Table 33j is added to read as follows:

Items and brand names	Unit	Price to whole sale	Retail price
Ralston's Trojan	Case of 48/16 oz pbs	\$7 25	\$0 21

15 Section 65 is added to read as follows:

SEC 65 *Maximum price for cane blackstrap molasses sold or delivered in the Territory of Puerto Rico—(a) Definition.* When used in this section 65 the term:

(1) Cane blackstrap molasses means the final by product from sugar manufacturing after the extraction of all commercially available sucrose.

(b) On or after May 9 1944, the maximum price for molasses shall be 13 6¢ per gallon delivered at the mill.

This amendment shall become effective May 9 1944

(56 Stat 23, 765; Pub Law 151 78th Cong; E.O. 9250 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328; 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944

CHESTER BOWLES
Administrator

[F R Doc 44-6382; Filed May 4 1944; 4:05 p m]

PART 1364—FRESH, CURED AND CANNED MEAT AND FISH PRODUCTS
(MPR 418 Cor to Amdt 30)

FRESH FISH AND SEAFOOD

Amendment 30 to Maximum Price Regulation No 418 is corrected in the following respects:

1. The first sentence in Item 1 is corrected to read "1 That part of section 4 (b) preceding 4 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:

2. The first sentence in Item 2 is corrected to read "2 That part of section 4 (c) preceding 4 (c) (1) is amended to read as follows:

3. Footnotes 15 16 and 17 are corrected by deleting the "and" before the number "37" and by inserting the phrase "and 39" after the number "37"

(56 Stat 23, 765; Pub Law 151 78th Cong; E.O. 9250 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328 8 F.R. 4681)

18 F.R. 9309, 10086, 10513, 10939, 11734
11087 12408 12939 13297 13192 13302 14049,
14476, 14617, 15297, 15431, 16303, 16306;
9 F.R. 90, 1335 1533 1578 2133 2409 2601
3036 3366 3578 3940 4350

Issued this 4th day of May 1944

CHESTER BOWLES
Administrator

[F R Doc 44-6383; Filed May 4 1944; 4:05 p m]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS
(MPR 373 Amdt 54)
MOLASSES IN HAWAII

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment issued simultaneously herewith has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register

Section 66 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 66 *Maximum prices for molasses.*
(a) The maximum prices for sales of molasses produced from sugarcane for alcohol purposes shall be \$14 25 per ton, delivered at Oahu Railroad and Land Depot Honolulu

This amendment shall become effective as of March 13 1944

(56 Stat 23, 765; Pub Laws 151 78th Cong; E.O. 9250 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944

CHESTER BOWLES
Administrator

[F R Doc 44-6380; Filed May 4 1944; 4:05 p m]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS
(MPR 163 Amdt 33)

NAILS IN PUERTO RICO

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register

Section 66 is added to read as follows:

Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration

18 F.R. 9386, 9389, 9940, 7200, 7457 8064
8550, 10570, 10686, 10984, 11247, 11437 11840
12409 12703 13023 13343 13600 14130 14309
14608 15353, 15369 15951, 15952 15953 16306
16997, 17291; 9 F.R. 173, 393.
18 F.R. 9032 10763, 10906, 11437, 11847
12549 12637 12632 13105 13627 14090 14765
15195

SEC. 66. Maximum prices for nails sold or delivered in the Territory of Puerto Rico.

TABLE 58—MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICES FOR WIRE NAILS

[Per hundred pounds]

Gauge.....	3/8	1/2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10 1/4	10 1/2	11	11 1/2	12	12 1/4	13	13 1/2	14	14 1/2	15	16	17	18	19	20
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TABLE 59—MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES FOR WIRE NAILS

[Price per pound]

Gauge.....	3/8	1/2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	10 1/4	10 1/2	11	11 1/2	12	12 1/4	13	13 1/2	14	14 1/2	15	16	17	18	19	20
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TABLE 60—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR GALVANIZED NAILS

Galvanized staples	Sales at wholesale (per hundred pounds)	Sales at retail (per pound)
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 7 Ga.....	\$6.20	\$0.09
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 8 Ga.....	6.20	.09
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 9 Ga.....	6.20	.09
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 10 Ga.....	6.65	.10
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 11 Ga.....	6.80	.10
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 12 Ga.....	7.20	.11
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 13 Ga.....	7.65	.11
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 14 Ga.....	8.40	.12
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 15 Ga.....	9.20	.14
3/8" to 2 1/4" x No. 16 Ga.....	10.50	.16
2 1/8 x 8 Lick Proof Roofing Nails..	10.00	.15

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6384; Filed, May 4, 1944;
4:05 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[Rev. SR 14 to GMPR, Amtd. 130]

MANUFACTURERS' MAXIMUM PRICES FOR
WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HANDBAGS,
PURSES AND POCKETBOOKS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith

and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

A new section 3.14 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 3.14 Handbags, purses and pocketbooks—(a) Ceiling prices fixed by this section. (1) This section applies to you only if you make manufacturers' sales of women's or children's handbags, purses or pocketbooks. If you make manufacturers' sales of these articles, you must establish your ceiling prices under the General Maximum Price Regulation¹ except that on and after June 15, 1944,

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.
¹ 9 F.R. 1385.

This amendment shall become effective May 9, 1944.

you may not establish a ceiling price, or sell or deliver at a price, which exceeds your "highest price line limit." Your "highest price line limit" is explained in paragraph (b), below.

(2) A manufacturer's sale is a sale of a handbag (other than to an ultimate consumer) by a person (i) who fabricated the handbag, or (ii) who sold or consigned to the fabricator any of the principal materials from which the handbag was fabricated.

A manufacturer's sale also includes a sale by a person described in (i) or (ii) above to a department, establishment or business which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by (or which directly or indirectly owns or controls) such person.

(3) The women's and children's handbags, purses and pocketbooks which are covered by this section are divided into groups or categories, according to the material from which they are made, and each group is identified by a category number. The categories are listed in paragraph (h) near the end of this section. You are required to find a separate highest price line limit for each category.

From here on, in this section, instead of repeating the phrase, "women's and children's handbags, purses and pocketbooks," the word "handbag" or "handbags" will be used.

(b) *How to find your highest price line limits.* Your highest price line limits are fixed on the basis of your own experience in delivering handbags during your "base period."

If you delivered handbags during October or November, 1942, your base period is October 1 through November 30, 1942. However, if you also delivered handbags in October or November, 1941, you may, at your option, take as your base period October 1 through November 30, 1941, *Provided*, That you use that base period for all categories.

If you did not deliver any handbags during October or November, 1942, but delivered handbags at any time between December 1, 1942, and December 31, 1943, your "base period" is the two month period, beginning on the first day that you delivered a handbag between December 1, 1942, and December 31, 1943.

If you made no deliveries of handbags between October 1, 1942, and December 31, 1943, you have no "base period" under this section, and must apply to the Office of Price Administration for authorization of highest price line limits according to the instructions in paragraph (d).

(1) *Rule 1: Highest price line limits for categories which you delivered during your base period.* Your highest price line limit for any category which you delivered during your base period is the highest price, properly established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, at which you delivered a handbag of that category in the normal and regular course of your trade or business during your "base period."

There are three exceptions to this rule:

(i) In any category in which the highest price at which you delivered a handbag during your "base period" was lower

than \$1.00 per unit, you may establish a highest price line limit up to \$1.31 $\frac{1}{4}$ per unit.

(ii) In any category in which the highest price at which you delivered a handbag during your "base period" was between \$1.00 and \$1.87 $\frac{1}{2}$ per unit, both inclusive, you may establish a highest price line limit up to \$1.87 $\frac{1}{2}$ per unit.

(iii) If the highest price at which you delivered a handbag during your "base period" in category 4, 6, 7 or 8 was between \$1.77 $\frac{1}{2}$ and \$3.00 per unit, both inclusive, and if you also delivered a handbag in category 4, 6, 7 or 8 between \$1.77 $\frac{1}{2}$ and \$3.00 per unit, both inclusive, during 1941, then you may establish a highest price line limit in category 4 or 6 up to \$3.00 per unit.

For the purposes of this rule, the prices at which sample deliveries and accommodation deliveries were made are not to be considered.

(2) *Rule 2: Highest price line limits for categories which you did not deliver during your "base period."* Your highest price line limit for any category which you did not deliver during your "base period" is determined according to the instructions given in paragraph (j) near the end of this section.

(c) *Records and reports—(1) Highest prices line chart for all sellers under Rules 1 and 2.* You must file on or before May 25, 1944, with the OPA district office having jurisdiction over your area, two copies of a chart signed by you showing (i) your name and address, (ii) the highest price at which you delivered a handbag in each category in the normal and regular course of trade or business during your base period, (iii) the name and address of a purchaser to whom delivery was made at that price, (iv) the terms of sale, and (v) the date of the delivery. If you qualify under exception (iii) to Rule 1, you must also enter under the proper category the name and address of a purchaser to whom delivery was made in 1941, the delivered price, the terms of sale, and the date delivery was made at that price. Highest price line limits established by any of the exceptions stated in Rule 1 are not to be entered.

After filling out your chart as outlined above, you must complete your chart by listing any category which you did not deliver during your base period and your highest price line limits set forth in paragraph (j) for each such category.

An example of a highest price line chart is set forth in paragraph (k) at the end of this section.

On and after June 15, 1944, you may not sell or deliver any handbags unless you have received acknowledgment from the Office of Price Administration of the filing of your chart. An additional copy of the chart must be retained by you.

The prices listed on your chart are your highest price line limits, except in those categories in which your highest price line limits are established by any of the exceptions stated in Rule 1. If you subsequently find that an entry on your chart is incorrect, you must file two copies of an application to amend your chart with the OPA district office with which you filed your original chart. The application must state the reason

why your requested price line did not appear on your original chart, and if the request is to amend your chart with respect to a category which you delivered during your base period, your application must be accompanied by a copy of an invoice, shipping ticket or other evidence showing a delivery at the requested price. Until you receive authorization from the Office of Price Administration to amend your chart, you may not sell or deliver any handbag at higher price lines than those correctly determined under this section.

(2) *Report for sellers whose base periods begin after November 30, 1942, and prior to January 1, 1944.* If your base period begins after November 30, 1942, and prior to January 1, 1944, then, together with the chart required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, you must report to the district office of the Office of Price Administration having jurisdiction over your area the date of commencement of business and the date of your first delivery of handbags. In addition, you must file two copies of a report containing the following information:

(i) The section of the General Maximum Price Regulation under which the price for a style of handbag at your highest delivered price in each category was established. If you priced under section 2 (b), give the name and address of the competitor selected under that section for each such style and identify the competitor's handbag against which you priced yours. This identification must conform to the record kept under section 12 of the General Maximum Price Regulation (Current Records).

(ii) Method of operation:

(a) Type of trade to which you sell the handbags (e. g., retail stores, mail order houses, etc.);

(b) Method of manufacturing (e. g., contractors, inside shop, etc.; machine work, handcraft, etc.);

(c) Method of distribution (e. g., showroom sales, salesmen, advertising, etc.).

(iii) The names and addresses of your three most closely competitive sellers of the same class. The selected competitors must have the same manufacturing and distribution methods and must sell to the same type of trade as the seller reporting under this rule.

(3) *Invoices.* In connection with every sale of handbags, you must deliver to the purchaser an invoice showing: (i) the date, (ii) your name and address, (iii) the name and address of the purchaser, (iv) terms of sale, (v) the style number or other designation of each different style of handbag sold, (vi) the quantities of each different style of handbag sold, and (vii) the price charged by you for each different style of handbag sold.

You must keep available, for the inspection of the Office of Price Administration, a duplicate copy of each invoice delivered.

(d) *Authorization of highest price line limits.* (1) If you did not deliver handbags between October 1, 1942, and December 31, 1943, or for any other reason cannot determine your highest price line limits under Rules 1 and 2, you may not

sell or deliver handbags after June 15, 1944, unless the Office of Price Administration has authorized your highest price line limits. Three copies of an application for highest price line authorization shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration at the district office having jurisdiction over your area. The application shall contain the following information:

- (i) Name and address of applicant;
- (ii) Names and addresses of all owners, officers or principals of the applicant, and their previous business connections;
- (iii) Category numbers to be offered for sale;
- (iv) Highest price line limit requested in each category.

These price lines must be taken from any group up to and including Group K of paragraph (j), except in the case of persons to whom the use of such price line limits would constitute substantial hardship. Such persons, in applying for authorization of highest price line limits above Group K, shall also state in detail the reasons why substantial hardship would result from the use of these price line limits.

(v) Proposed method of operation:
(a) Type of trade to which handbags are to be distributed (e. g., retail stores, mail order houses, etc.);

(b) Methods of manufacturing (e. g., contractors, inside shop, etc.; machine work, handcraft, etc.);

(c) Method of distribution (e. g., showroom sales, salesmen, advertising, etc.).

(vi) The names and addresses of your three most closely competitive sellers of the same class. The selected competitors must have the same manufacturing and distribution methods and must sell to the same type of trade as the seller applying under this paragraph.

(2) If you have received an order under this paragraph (d) authorizing your highest price line limits in any category, you may not sell or deliver handbags in any additional category not listed in the order of authorization until your highest price line limits in such additional categories have been authorized. Three copies of an application for authorization of highest price line limits for additional categories must be filed with the district office of the OPA which issued the original order, setting forth the following:

- (i) Applicant's name and address;
- (ii) Additional categories desired to be sold;
- (iii) Highest price line limit desired for each category listed in (ii);

(iv) If the competitors named in the original application do not manufacture handbags in the categories now desired, a list of your three most closely competitive sellers of the same class who do manufacture those categories.

(3) If you have received an order under this paragraph (d) authorizing your highest price line limits in any category, you must report any change in ownership to the district office of the OPA which granted the order. This report shall include the names of any new owners or principals and their previous business connections.

(4) The highest price line limits which will be authorized by the Office of Price Administration under this paragraph will be those price lines which are in line with the general level of prices prevailing in the industry during October and November 1942 among the applicant's most closely competitive sellers of the same class, or are in line with the applicant's previous business connections.

(e) *Posting of highest price line limits.* Within 5 days after receipt of acknowledgment of the filing of your chart, or within 5 days after receipt of authorization under paragraph (d), you must display a poster or sign in a prominent place in your showroom which lists (1) each category which you are offering for sale, (2) description of each category as it is described in paragraph (h), and (3) your highest price line limit for each category, established under Rules 1 and 2 and the exceptions to Rule 1, or by specific authorization.

(f) *Records of General Maximum Price Regulation.* You must maintain all records required by the record provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(g) *Adjustment of price lines.* All price lines reported under paragraph (c) (2) or authorized under paragraph (d) of this section shall be subject to adjustment at any time on written notice from the Office of Price Administration. Adjustments may be made whenever a reported or authorized highest price line does not conform to the general level of prices prevailing in the industry during October and November 1942. Previous business connections of an applicant and the price lines established under the General Maximum Price Regulation by competitors of an applicant or of a person reporting under paragraph (c) (2) shall determine the standards by which price line limits shall be adjusted.

(h) *Commodities covered by this section.* This section covers all women's and children's handbags, purses and pocketbooks. Luggage, billfolds, coin purses, sewing kits, waterproof bags, knitting bags and cosmetic kits are excluded.

Category Number:

1. Fur. When outside surface of the handbag is made of two principal materials (excluding frame and fittings), value of fur must be greater than value of the other principal component material; when outside surface of the handbag is made of three or more principal component materials, fur must be the material of greater value than any other single component material taken separately.

2. Alligator, crocodile and ostrich.

3. Reptile and aquatic leathers: Snake, lizard, frog, top grain seal, walrus, and shark.

4. All leather other than those listed in categories 2 and 3.

5. Corde, sequins, beads (other than wood), hand embroidery and hand crochet:

(a) "Corde" includes only handbags of which 70% of the outside surface is made of textile strings sewn together on a "Bonnaz" type machine or on a hand loom.

(b) "Sequins", "beads" and "hand embroidery" includes only handbags of which 50% of the outside surface of the handbag is covered with sequins, beads or hand embroidery.

6. 100% wool broadcloth and 100% wool felt.

7. Textiles: Woven and knitted cotton, wool (except wool listed in category 6), rayon and other synthetic fibers.

8. All others: String, cord, cordette, plastic, metal, straw, grass, wood, imitation leather, etc.

Except where the materials listed in a category have been specifically defined, if the outside surface of a handbag is made of two or more principal component materials, the handbag is included in the category listed the material which constitutes 70% or more of the outside surface. If no principal material constitutes 70% or more of the outside surface, the handbag is included in the category listing the principal material of lower unit value. (Value is determined by a comparison of pieces of equal size of the materials involved).

(j) *How sellers pricing under Rule 2 find their highest price line limits for new categories.* The table in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph is divided into groups. Each group contains, for every category, a series of price lines which would customarily have been made during the base period by a seller operating in that group.

(1) To find your highest price line limit for handbags of a category which you did not deliver during your base period, you start with the highest price line for that category listed in the table in subparagraph (2) and run your finger across the table until you come to the first group which contains your price line limit for a category which you delivered during your base period. Your highest price line limits in all new categories are the price lines shown in that group. Highest price line limits established by any of the exceptions stated in Rule 1 may not be used in determining the group which gives you the highest price line limit for a new category. However if a price line shown in the proper group is below the price line allowed you under any of the exceptions to Rule 1 you may use the price line limit allowed by the exceptions.

For example, suppose that you are a manufacturer who in your base period produced only alligator (Category No. 2) and calf (Category No. 4) handbags. The highest price line limits listed on your price line chart are \$6.25 for alligator handbags (Category No. 2) and \$3.50 for leather handbags (Category No. 4). You now decide to produce faille handbags (Category No. 7). To find your highest price line limit for faille handbags, start with the \$20.00 price line for textile handbags (Category No. 7) and run your finger across the table until you come to the first group which contains your price line limit for a category which you delivered in the base period. In your case, the first group is Group G since that is the group in which you delivered a \$3.50 calf handbag (Category No. 4). Accordingly, your highest price line limit for your faille handbags is \$3.50. You may not go higher than \$3.50 for faille handbags since none of the groups above Group G includes a price line limit for a category which you delivered during your base period.

If you should also decide to sell reptile handbags (Category No. 3) your highest price line limit would be \$5.00. In other words, for all new categories you must find your highest price line limit in Group G. You may, of course, sell handbags in new categories at any price lower than those listed in Group G.

There are two exceptions: (i) If the highest price line at which you delivered a handbag in a category during the base period is not listed in the table, you use the group containing the nearest price line listed in the table to determine the highest price line limit for any new category.

For example, if in the above example, your highest price line limit for leather handbags was \$4.00, you still use Group G, since Group G contains a \$3.50 price line for leather hand-

bags, and \$3.50 is the price nearest to \$4.00 in that category.

Similarly, if you are a manufacturer of expensive leather handbags, and you want to sell textile handbags, you cannot go beyond Group R, even though you delivered leather handbags during the base period at price lines higher than \$20.00.

(ii) If the price line for an old category which gives you the highest price line limit for the new category appears in more than one group, you use the lowest group.

For example, suppose that the highest price line which you delivered during your base period in Category No. 3 was \$4.75. You use Group E, which gives you, for example, a textile handbag price of \$2.33½. You cannot use Group F, although reptile handbags at \$4.75 appears in Group F, because Group E is lower.

(2) Table of highest price line limits for new categories. All prices listed in this subparagraph are per unit prices.

Category	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
1. Fur.....	\$1.87½	\$2.33½	\$3.00	\$4.75	\$8.25	\$8.25	\$7.50	\$3.50	\$10.50	\$12.50	\$15.00	\$18.50	\$20.00	\$21.50	\$25.00	\$20.00	\$35.00	\$37.50
2. Alligator, crocodile and ostrich.....	3.00	3.00	4.75	4.75	6.25	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	15.00	18.50	20.00	21.50	25.00	20.00	35.00	37.50
3. Reptile and aquatic.....	1.87½	1.87½	1.87½	3.00	4.75	4.75	6.00	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	18.00	20.00	22.50	25.00
4. Other leathers.....	.64½	1.00	1.31½	1.87½	2.33½	3.00	3.50	4.75	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	16.50	18.50	20.00
5. Corde, sequins.....	1.31½	1.31½	1.87½	3.00	3.50	4.75	6.00	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	16.50	18.50	20.00	22.50
6. 100 percent wool broadcloth and wool felt.....	.64½	1.00	1.31½	1.87½	2.33½	3.00	3.50	4.75	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	16.50	18.50	20.00
7. All other textiles.....	.64½	1.00	1.31½	1.87½	2.33½	3.00	3.50	4.75	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	16.50	18.50	20.00
8. All others.....	.64½	1.00	1.31½	1.87½	2.33½	3.00	3.50	4.75	6.25	7.50	8.50	10.50	12.50	13.50	15.00	16.50	18.50	20.00

(k) Example of a price line chart. This is an example of a chart showing highest price line limits for a manufacturer who delivered handbags in Category Nos. 2 and 4 during October and November, 1942.

CHART SHOWING HIGHEST PRICE LINES FOR HANDBAGS

Category No.	Price per Unit	Purchaser's name and address	Terms	Date of delivery
1	\$7.50	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		
2	6.25	A. B. C. Co., 15 W. Crawford St., Chicago, Ill.....	3/00 EOM.....	Oct. 23, 1942
3	5.00	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		
4	3.50	X. Y. Z. Corp., 710 40th St., Portsmouth, Ohio.....	3/00 EOM.....	Nov. 1, 1942
5	3.00	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		
6	3.00	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		
7	3.50	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		
8	3.50	Price Line Limit taken from section 3.14 (i).		

Submitted by:

X. Y. Z. Bag Co., Inc.,
102 E. Madison,
New York City.
By: WALTER JONES, President.

This amendment shall become effective May 9, 1944.

NOTE: The records and reports provision of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget under the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6379; Filed, May 4, 1944;
4:04 p. m.]

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

Chapter I—Coast Guard: Inspection and Navigation

Subchapter J—Rivers: General Rules and Regulations

PART 113—BOATS, RAFTS, BULKHEADS, AND LIFESAVING APPLIANCES

AMENDMENT TO REGULATIONS, APPROVAL AND WITHDRAWAL OF APPROVAL OF EQUIPMENT

By virtue of the authority vested in me by R.S. 4405, 4417a, 4426, 4481, 4488, 4491, as amended, 49 Stat. 1544, 54 Stat. 163—

167, 1028 (46 U.S.C. 375, 391a, 404, 474, 481, 489, 367, 526-526t, 463a), and Executive Order 9083, dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), the following amendment, approval and withdrawal of approval of equipment are prescribed:

Section 113.7 *Wooden surfboat or seine boat* is amended by changing the reference "\$113.12" to "\$113.14".

EQUIPMENT APPROVED

BUOYANT CUSHIONS FOR MOTORBOATS

15" x 15" x 2" Typha filled buoyant cushion, type S. T. C. 2 (Dwg. No. S. M. B. C. 44, dated 6 April, 1944), approval No. B-231, manufactured by Seaway Manufacturing Co., Inc., 213 N. Peters Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. (For use on motorboats of Classes A, 1, and 2 not carrying passengers for hire, for the duration of the National Emergency and six months thereafter.)

15" x 15" x 2" Typha filled buoyant cushion (Dwg. No. 4644, dated 6 April, 1944), approval No. B-219, manufactured by Atlantic-Pacific Mfg. Corp., 124 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn 2, New York. (For use on motorboats of Classes A, 1, and 2 not carrying passengers for hire, for the duration of the National Emergency and six months thereafter.)

FIRE EXTINGUISHER

Model 85 S. O. S. Fire Guard, one-quart, carbon tetrachloride fire extinguisher (Assembly Dwg. No. BF-100, dated 8 November,

1943), manufactured by General Pacific Corp., 1800 So. Hooper Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.

FIRING ATTACHMENT FOR LINE-THROWING GUNS

Croton Cartridge Firing Attachment, Model A (Dwg. No. 013, dated 17 April, 1944, submitted by the Hawley Smith Machinery Company, Croton Falls, New York.

HAND DISTRESS SIGNAL

Hand distress signal, submitted by the Bear Manufacturing and Chemical Co., Inc., Bear, Delaware.

LIFE PRESERVERS

Adult kapok life preserver, removable pads (Dwg. No. 4-3-44, dated 3 April, 1944), approval No. B-220, manufactured by Atlantic-Pacific Manufacturing Corp., 124 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn 2, New York. (For general use and not for use in conjunction with rubber lifesaving suits.)

Adult kapok life preserver, Model N-1 (Navy Standard type 23P12, with body strap), approval No. B-218, manufactured by H. D. Gihon, Inc., 21 Muirhead Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey. (For general use and not for use with rubber lifesaving suits.)

WITHDRAWAL OF APPROVAL

LINE-THROWING GUNS

Line-throwing guns, two types, manufactured by the Steward Davit and Equipment Corporation, New York, N. Y. (Originally approved in 1919.) (Any on board ship in good condition may remain in service.)

R. R. WAESCHE,
Vice Admiral, USCG,
Commandant.

MAY 4, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6383; Filed, May 5, 1944;
9:03 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter II—Office of Defense Transportation

[A. O. ODT 25]

PART 503—ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNATION OF EMPLOYEES AUTHORIZED TO ADMINISTER OATHS AND AFFIRMATIONS

Pursuant to the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1944, the Act of May

31, 1941, as amended by the Second War Powers Act, 1942, Executive Orders 8989, as amended, 9156, 9214, and 9294, and War Production Board Directive 21, and in order to provide for the administration of oaths and affirmations by designated employees of the Office of Defense Transportation, it is hereby ordered, that:

§ 503.440 *Employees designated to administer oaths and affirmations.* The following employees of the Office of Defense Transportation are hereby designated and authorized to administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation, or affidavit, when such instrument is required in connection with the performance of the functions or activities of the Office of Defense Transportation:

(a) Head administrative officer, assistant administrative officer, regional administrative officers;

(b) Regional directors, assistant regional directors, transportation specialists, district managers, assistant district managers, examiners, and local allocation officers of the Division of Motor Transport;

(c) Regional directors, regional assistants, and transportation specialists of the Division of Local Transport;

(d) Regional director, assistant regional directors, assistant to the regional director, transportation specialist, and dispatchers of the Division of Puerto Rican Transport, Puerto Rico;

(e) Regional director and assistant regional director, Hawaii;

(f) The Alaskan representative; and

(g) Attorneys of the Office of the General Counsel.

§ 503.441 *Procedure; termination of designation; instructions.* The following provisions shall apply to the administering or taking of oaths, affirmations, and affidavits by the employees designated in § 503.440 of this order:

(a) Any employee who administers to or takes from any person any oath, affirmation, or affidavit under the authority of this order, in signing the jurat, shall append to his signature his official title and official station. It shall not be necessary to affix a seal.

(b) All oaths and affirmations made under the authority contained in this order shall be administered without charge or fee.

(c) The authority of a designated employee pursuant to the provisions of this order shall expire at the termination of the employee's service with the Office of Defense Transportation, unless sooner terminated by administrative action.

(d) The head administrative officer is authorized to issue such instructions as he may deem necessary to implement the provisions of this order.

This Administrative Order ODT 25 shall become effective May 4, 1944.

(National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1944, Pub. Law 139, 78th Cong.;

Act of May 31, 1941, as amended by the Second War Powers Act, 1942, 56 Stat. 176, 50 U.S.C. 631 through 645a; E.O. 8989, 6 F.R. 6725 and 8 F.R. 14183; E.O. 9156, 7 F.R. 3349; E.O. 9214, 7 F.R. 6097; E.O. 9294, 8 F.R. 221; WPB Directive 21, 8 F.R. 5834)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of May 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6389; Filed, May 5, 1944;
9:50 a. m.]

[General Permit ODT 24-9]

PART 520—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT; EXCEPTIONS AND PERMITS

PASSENGER TRAIN OPERATIONS

Pursuant to § 500.42 of General Order ODT 24, as amended, it is hereby authorized, that:

§ 520.608 *Certain operations authorized.* (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 500.41 of General Order ODT 24, as amended, any rail carrier when necessary to provide transportation for accredited delegates, alternate delegates and persons representing the press, radio, and newsreel, traveling to and from the Republican and Democratic National Conventions, may operate (1) extra or special passenger trains or passenger trains which are not scheduled, or (2) extra sections to scheduled passenger trains; or (3) passenger trains the consist of which includes a car chartered or the use of which by prior arrangements is restricted, to a number of persons traveling together as a group. *Provided, however,* That such operations are in conformity with paragraph (b) hereof.

(b) No car shall be exclusively used for parlor or lounge purposes. Each extra train, section, and exclusive occupancy car shall be restricted to persons who have been issued a certificate by the Office of Defense Transportation. Each rail carrier at the time sleeping car space is purchased or coach space is assigned shall detach from the certificate the appropriate coupon and endorse thereon a notation identifying the space, car and train to be used by the holder. All coupons shall be mailed to the Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, 25, D. C., within 10 days thereafter. Special trains, extra sections and extra cars on regularly scheduled trains from states or portions of states which have regularly scheduled train service to Chicago in 6½ hours or less shall consist of day coaches only. Equipment used in the service contemplated by this permit shall not be occupied in Chicago for living or sleeping quarters. Each rail carrier furnishing service contemplated by this permit shall within one week after the service is performed make a report in writing to the Office of Defense Transportation, Wash-

ington 25, D. C., giving the number of extra trains operated, the extra sections operated, and the exclusive occupancy cars furnished. Full occupancy of all equipment shall be required to the maximum extent possible. No service shall be provided for the Republican National Convention prior to June 17, 1944, or later than one week after the close of such convention. No service shall be provided for the Democratic National Convention prior to July 10, 1944, or later than one week after the close of such convention.

NOTE: The recording and reporting requirements of this General Permit have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(E.O. 8989, as amended, 6 F.R. 6725 and 8 F.R. 14183; General Order ODT 24, as amended, 7 F.R. 7814, 10484)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 5th day of May 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6390; Filed, May 5, 1944;
9:50 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Wage and Hour Division.

[A. O. 335-A]

PUERTO RICO

ACCEPTANCE OF RESIGNATION FROM AND APPOINTMENT TO SPECIAL INDUSTRY COMMITTEE

Acceptance of resignation from and appointment to Special Industry Committee No. 3 for Puerto Rico.

The administrative order which was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of April 11, 1944 on page 3865, should be designated as Administrative Order No. 335-A.

Signed at New York, New York, this 2d day of May 1944.

L. METCALFE WALLING,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6387; Filed, May 4, 1944;
4:27 p. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Docket No. IT-5887]

EL PASO CITY LINES, INC.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

MAY 1, 1944.

Notice is hereby given that on April 27, 1944, El Paso City Lines, Inc. of El Paso, Texas, filed an application pursuant to the provisions of section 202 (e)

of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791-825r), for authority to export electric energy to operate streetcars in Ciudad de Juarez, Chihuahua, Mexico, and between that city and El Paso, Texas.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1944, file with the Federal Power Commission a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and regulations under the Federal Power Act.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6391; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:28 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-544]

INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS COMPANY, INC.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

MAY 4, 1944.

Notice is hereby given that on April 29, 1944, Interstate Natural Gas Company, Inc. (hereinafter called "Applicant") filed with the Federal Power Commission an application seeking authority under section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to construct and operate two additional gas compressors of 1,000 horsepower each and appurtenant facilities at Applicant's existing De Siard compressor station located at Fowler, Ouachita Parish, Louisiana.

The Applicant states that the additional compressors are required to maintain the maximum productivity of its wells in the Monroe gas field, in which field there has been a sharp decline in rock pressures.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to this application should, on or before May 20, 1944, file with the Federal Power Commission a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and regulations.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6392; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:28 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

[Docket No. 4675]

LIQUID TIGHT PAPER CONTAINER
ASSOCIATION, ET AL.

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1944.

In the matter of Liquid Tight Paper Container Association, an unincorporated association; George J. Lincoln, Jr., as secretary and manager of Liquid Tight Paper Container Association; Boothby Fibre Can Company, a corporation; Gor-

don S. Smith and George T. Hynes, co-partners, doing business under the firm name Champion Container Company; Fonda Container Company, Inc., a corporation; Menasha Products Company, a corporation; Minkoff & Rosenfield Brothers, Inc., doing business under the firm name Miro Container Company; Russell Box Company, a corporation; Sealright Company, Inc., a corporation; and Sutherland Paper Company, a corporation.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission,

It is ordered, That John L. Horner, a trial examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony in this proceeding begin on Tuesday, May 16, 1944, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (eastern standard time), in Room 3056, William Penn Annex, 9th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Upon completion of testimony for the Federal Trade Commission, the trial examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondent. The trial examiner will then close the case and make his report upon the facts; conclusions of facts; conclusions of law; and recommendation for appropriate action by the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6395; Filed, May 5, 1944;
10:38 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 164, Special Permit 42]

REFRIGERATION OF CITRUS FRUIT FROM
BAYVIEW, TEX.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164, of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To accord stop-off for partial unloading under standard refrigeration to NP 90452, shipped May 1 from Bayview, Texas, originally consigned to Kansas City, diverted to Ottawa, Kansas, stop at Emporia for partial unloading, routed MP-Santa Fe.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the

office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6421; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 164, Special Permit 43]

RECEIVING OF GRAPEFRUIT AT ST. LOUIS, MO.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164 of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To accord one receiving to FGE 34489 on Terminal Railroad at St. Louis, Missouri, car contains grapefruit originating in Florida consigned to A. Florida.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6422; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 164, Special Permit 44]

RECEIVING OF NAVAL ORANGES ORIGINATING IN CALIFORNIA

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164 of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To receive once to full bunker capacity the following cars of naval oranges:

At Railroad

FGEX 44346, Pittsburgh, Pa. PRR.
PFE 43622, Pittsburgh, Pa. PRR.
PFE 42646, Columbus, Ohio. B&O.
PFE 16597, Badaxe, Mich. Grand Trunk.

Shipped from California by California Fruit Growers Exchange to be diverted to eastern markets.

The waybills shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6423; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 164, Special Permit 45]

REFRIGERATION OF CITRUS FRUITS FROM
ELSA, TEX.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164 of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To accord stop-off for partial unloading and to accord standard refrigeration to PFE 50081 originating Elsa, Texas, May 2, consigned East St. Louis, Illinois, diverted to Salina, Kansas, stop for partial unloading at Topeka Kansas, routed SP-Frisco-Kansas City-MP.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6424; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 164, Special Permit 46]

REFRIGERATION OF CITRUS FRUITS FROM
ELSA, TEX.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (g) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.323, 8 F.R. 15491) of Service Order No. 164 of November 10, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To accord standard refrigeration to PFE 93350, originated May 2 at Elsa, Texas, consigned to East St. Louis, diverted to Hutchinson, Kansas, stop-off for partial unloading at Topeka, Kansas, routed SP-Frisco-CRI&P.

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6425; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 200, General Permit 1]

REICING OF POTATOES ORIGINATING IN
ALABAMA

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.337, 9 F.R. 4402) of Service Order No. 200 of April 22, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

On any refrigerator car loaded with potatoes originating at any point in Alabama, after the first or initial icing at an icing station not beyond Atlanta, Georgia, or Jackson, Memphis or Nashville, Tennessee, to reice once in transit to full bunker capacity at the first regular icing station enroute beyond the station where car was initially iced.

This general permit shall become effective at 12:01 p. m., May 4, 1944, and the reicing authorized herein may be accorded on such refrigerator cars moving at that time. This general permit shall expire at 12:01 a. m., June 10, 1944.

The waybills shall show reference to this general permit.

A copy of this general permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6426; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

[S. O. 200, General Permit 2]

REICING OF POTATOES ORIGINATING IN
LOUISIANA

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (e) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.337, 9 F.R. 4402) of Service Order No. 200 of April 22, 1944, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To provide one reicing in transit to full bunker capacity, after the first or initial icing, on any refrigerator car loaded with potatoes originating at any point in the State of Louisiana.

This general permit shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., May 4, 1944, and shall expire at 12:01 a. m., June 10, 1944. The reicing authorized herein may be accorded cars rolling on the effective date hereof.

The waybills shall show reference to this general permit.

A copy of this general permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of May 1944.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6427; Filed, May 5, 1944;
11:37 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 2905]

SHOTARO OKUMURA

In re: Six rugs owned by Shotaro Okumura.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the last known address of Shotaro Okumura is 692 Hakkoda, Sumiyoshi, Hyogo Prefecture, Japan, and that he is a citizen and resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That Shotaro Okumura is the owner of the property described in paragraph 3 hereof;

3. That the property described as follows: Six Persian rugs, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, now in the possession of Yamanaka & Co., Inc., in liquidation under the supervision of the Alien Property Custodian, 680 Fifth Avenue, New York City,

is the property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in paragraph 3 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 7, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Rug, Design and Size

Khorassan, Feraghan, 13 x 9.
Tabriz, very poor, 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 5.
Tabriz, red with central medallion, 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ x 9 $\frac{3}{4}$.
Tabriz, Ispahan, 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ x 9 $\frac{1}{4}$.
Tabriz, Senna-Kurd, 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$.
Khorassan, European with good design, 8 $\frac{1}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{4}$.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6350; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3169]

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT RAW SILK INTELLIGENCE BUREAU

In re: Furniture, exhibits, a typewriter and a bank account owned by the Japanese Government Raw Silk Intelligence Bureau.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the Japanese Government Raw Silk Intelligence Bureau is an agent of the Japanese Government and is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the Japanese Government Raw Silk Intelligence Bureau is the owner of the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof;

3. That the property described as follows:

a. Four cases, numbered 1 to 4 inclusive, believed to contain furniture and exhibits, stored in the name of T. Uyeda, in the warehouse of Baker & Williams, 513-535 West 20th Street, New York, New York, and further identified as the property stored under Custom House Bond No. 82394, and

b. One Royal typewriter, Model KHM, Serial No. 2131783, in the custody of Royal Typewriter Co., Inc., 2 Park Avenue, New York, New York, and

c. That certain bank account in the National City Bank of New York, 5th Avenue and 28th Street, New York, New York, which is due and owing to, and held for the Japanese Government Raw Silk Intelligence Bureau, in the name of Syokiti Megami, including but not limited to all security rights in and to any and all collateral for all or part of such account, and the right to enforce and collect such account,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And determining that the property described in subparagraph 3-c hereof is necessary for the maintenance or safeguarding of other property (namely, that property described in subparagraph 3-a hereof) belonging to the same national of the same designated enemy country and subject to vesting (and in fact vested by this order) pursuant to section 2 of said Executive order;

And further determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, to be held, used,

administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on February 23, 1944.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6351; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3345]

VITTORIO EMANUELE III WAR VETERANS' FOUNDATION, INC.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Vittorio Emanuele III War Veterans' Foundation, Inc., a membership corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the State of New York, is a business enterprise within the United States and is controlled by the Federation of the Italian World War Veterans in the United States of America, Inc., which is a part of the Associazione Nazionale Combattenti Italiani;

2. That the Associazione Nazionale Combattenti Italiani, located in Italy and composed of nationals of Italy, is an official agency of the Italian Government and is a part of Partito Nazionale Fascista (National Fascist Party) and is a national of a designated enemy country (Italy);

3. That Partito Nazionale Fascista, located in Italy, is composed of nationals of Italy and is controlled by the Italian Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

and determining:

4. That Vittorio Emanuele III War Veterans' Foundation, Inc., is controlled by and/or acts for or on behalf of Partito Nazionale Fascista and of a designated enemy country (Italy) and is a national of said designated enemy country;

5. That to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United

States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Italy);

and having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian all property of any nature whatsoever situated in the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, or held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to Vittorio Emanuele III War Veterans' Foundation, Inc., and the interests therein of any and all of the members of Vittorio Emanuele III War Veterans' Foundation, Inc., to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States, and hereby undertakes the direction, management, supervision and control of said business enterprise and all property of any nature whatsoever situated in the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, or held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to said business enterprise, to the extent deemed necessary or advisable from time to time by the Alien Property Custodian.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to vary the extent of or terminate such direction, management, supervision or control, or return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on March 20, 1944.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6352; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:03 a. m.]

[Supplemental Vesting Order 2399]

GUNZE SILK CORPORATION

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended,

and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Having found in Vesting Order No. 156, dated September 21, 1942, that Gunze Silk Corporation, a New York Corporation, is a business enterprise within the United States and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. Finding that Gunze Silk Corporation, Ltd., Kobe, Japan, has a claim against Gunze Silk Corporation, which claim, as of September 1, 1942, amounted to \$37,196.38, subject, however, to any accruals or deductions subsequent thereto and represents an interest in Gunze Silk Corporation;

3. Finding that Gunze Silk Corporation, Ltd., whose last known address is Kobe, Japan, is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and determining:

4. That to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the interest of Gunze Silk Corporation, Ltd., in Gunze Silk Corporation amounting to \$37,196.38 and represented on the balance sheet of Gunze Silk Corporation as an account payable, hereinbefore more fully described, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national", "designated enemy country" and "business enterprise within the United States" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 4, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6353; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3403]

GERMAN RAILROADS INFORMATION OFFICE

In re: Steel filing cabinets, records, films, and office furniture and equipment owned by German Railroads Information Office.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That German Railroads Information Office, which formerly maintained offices at 331 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is an agency of the German Government, and on October 6, 1938, was registered with the Department of State of the United States as a German propaganda agency;

2. That German Railroads Information Office has since April 10, 1940, been acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of a designated enemy country (Germany) and that it is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That German Railroads Information Office is the owner of the property described in subparagraph 4 hereof;

4. That the property described as follows: Steel filing cabinets, records, films, and office furniture and equipment more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, stored in the name of German Railroad Information Office in the warehouse of Werner Bros.-Kennelly Company at 2815 Broadway, Chicago, Illinois,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And determining that German Railroads Information Office is controlled by or acting for or on behalf of a designated enemy country (Germany), or a person within such country, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And further determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in subparagraph 4 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of

claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 4, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Number:	Article
1-----	12-Foot Counter.
2-----	Desk.
3-----	Desk.
4-----	Desk.
5-----	Desk.
6-----	Swivel Chair.
7-----	Swivel Chair.
8-----	Swivel Chair.
9-----	Electric Fan.
10-----	Stand for Adding Machine.
11-----	Steel filing cabinet and records.
12-----	Steel filing cabinet and records.
13-----	Steel filing cabinet and records.
14-----	Steel filing cabinet and records.
15-----	Gate for Counter.
16-----	Wall rack for map.
17-----	Wall rack for map.
18-----	18 show cards.
19-----	Stand for show cards.
20-----	Bundle 2 Desk Pads and Cushion.
21-----	Large Radiator cover.
22-----	Rubber mat.
23-----	Steel Locker with films.
24-----	Carton with Film cases—Empty.
25-----	Carton with Film cases—Empty.
26-----	Large Box Containing Films.
27-----	2 Desk Tops—Glass.
28-----	3 Counter tops "Glass".
29-----	Stand for Reel.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6355; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3429]

KENZIRO EMURA

In re: Personal property owned by Kenziro Emura.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the last known address of Kenziro Emura is Japan, and that he is a citizen and resident of Japan, and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That Kenziro Emura is the owner of the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof;

3. That the property described as follows:

All the personal property owned by Kenziro Emura presently stored in the warehouse of the Goshu Concentration and Compress Company, 4601 Avenue E, Galveston, Texas, consisting of one wardrobe trunk, two steamer trunks marked Nos. "1" and "2", six suitcases marked Nos. "3" to "8" inclusive, and one cardboard carton marked No. "9", together with all the contents thereof, one golf bag and clubs marked No. "10" and one Philco radio,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such per-

son be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan); and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property, or the proceeds thereof, in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on April 5, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6354; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3625]

EMIL HIMSTEDT

In re: Estate of Emil Himstedt, deceased; File D-28-2209; E. T. sec. 2989.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interest hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Chase National Bank of the City of New York, as executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Marie Lehmann, Germany.

Richard Himstedt, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals

of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Marie Lehmann and Richard Himstedt, and each of them in and to the Estate of Emil Himstedt, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6337; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3526]

JOHN HORNBEACH

In re: Estate of John Hornbach, deceased; File D-66-1546; E. T. sec. 9743.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Edward C. Kistner and John J. Guerin, Executors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Jacob Hornbach, Germany.

Frantz Nager, Germany.

Two older granddaughters of Philip Trunk of Pfortshelm, Germany, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Jacob Hornbach, Frantz Nager and two older granddaughters of Philip Trunk of Pfortsheim, Germany, and each of them in and to the estate of John Hornbach, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6338; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3527]

BEATRICE KELLER

In re: Trust under agreement of Beatrice Keller, otherwise known as Erna Bea Kolschitz or Mrs. Max Otto Kolschitz; File F-28-2753; E. T. sec. 298.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Burton A. McGann, 1416 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., Substituted Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Stella Beatrice Kolschwitz, Germany.
Helen Elizabeth Kolschwitz, Germany.
Renata Martha Kolschwitz, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Stella Beatrice Kolschwitz, Helen Elizabeth Kolschwitz and Renata Martha Kolschwitz, and each of them, in and to the trust estate created by Trust Agreement, dated February 21, 1940, between Beatrice Keller (otherwise known as Erna Bea Kolschwitz or Mrs. Max Otto Kolschwitz) and Stella Randolph,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6339; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Supplemental Vesting Order 3528]

ERNEST KLETSCHE

In re: Estate of Ernest Kletsch, deceased; File D-28-2245; E.T. sec. 3242.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Registry of the Probate Court, acting under the judicial supervision of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, Washington, D. C.;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Karl Kletsch, deceased, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Karl Kletsch, and each of them, in and to the estate of Ernest Kletsch, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6340; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3529]

PETER N. LUCA

In re: Estate of Peter N. Luca, deceased, File No. D-28-3764; E.T. sec. 6362.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Harry L. Hedger, County Treasurer, as depositary, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Nassau County, New York; and

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

William Luca, Germany.
Erna Meyer, Germany.
Emil Luca, Germany.
George Luca, Germany.
Helene Trimpf, Germany.
Emma Bohack, Germany.
Heinrich Kopf, Germany.
Rudolph Kopf, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of William Luca, Erna Meyer, Emil Luca, George Luca, Helene Trimpf, Emma Bohack, Heinrich Kopf and Rudolph Kopf, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Peter N. Luca, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6341; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3531]

WILLIAM H. RUSCH

In re: Trust under the will of William H. Rusch, deceased; File No. D-28-2359; E.T. sec. 3301.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Henry Icelin, as substituted trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Prerogative Court of New Jersey, Trenton, New Jersey; and

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Carl Hans Ringwald, Germany.
Ernst Willy Ringwald, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Carl Hans Ringwald and Ernst Willy Ringwald, and each of them, in and to the Trust created under the Will of William H. Rusch, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6342; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3532]

ANNA MARIE SCHAFER

In re: Estate of Anna Marie Schafer, deceased; File No. D-28-6617; E.T. sec. 4867.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Victor N. Lasher, administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Ulster County, New York,

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely "John" Schafer, first name being fictitious, whose last known address is Germany,

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of "John" Schafer, first name being fictitious, in and to the estate of Anna Marie Schafer, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6343; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3533]

MARGARETHA SCHILLING

In re: Estate of Margaretha Schilling, deceased; File D-28-7951; E. T. sec. 8822.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Leo Brand, as Executor of the Estate of Margaretha Schilling, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, State of New York; and

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Carolina Achenbach, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Carolina Achenbach in and to the Estate of Margaretha Schilling, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6344; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3534]

PAULINE SCHROEDER

In re: Trust under the will of Pauline Schroeder, deceased; File No. D-28-6585; E.T. sec. 5214.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Brooklyn Trust Company, as trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Carl William Schroeder, and his issue, names unknown, Germany.

Kundri Schroeder, and her issue, names unknown, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Carl William Schroeder, and his issue, names unknown, and Kundri Schroeder, and her issue, names unknown, and each of them, in and to a trust created under the will of Pauline Schroeder, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall

have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6345; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3535]

PAUL TIEPOLT

In re: Estate of Paul Tiepolt, deceased; File D-28-8478; E.T. sec. 9833.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Vernon Silver-shield, Administrator with the Will Annexed, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Sonoma;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Mrs. Hedwig Hornig, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mrs. Hedwig Hornig, in and to the estate of Paul Tiepolt, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further

time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6346; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3537]

SAM WISLER

In re: Estate of Sam Wisler, deceased; File D-34-580; E. T. sec. 6519.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Eva Pollack, Administratrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, County of New York, State of New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Heinrich Wisler, Hungary.
Emanuel Wisler, Hungary.
Isadore Wisler, Hungary.
Fannie Wisler Klein, Hungary.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Hungary; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Heinrich Wisler, Emanuel Wisler, Isadore Wisler and Fannie Wisler Klein, and each of them, in and to the estate of Sam Wisler, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a

notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6347; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3538]

OSCAR WUNSCH

In re: Estate of Oscar Wunsch, deceased; File D-28-7987; E. T. sec. 8900.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by The San Francisco Bank, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Fanny Mattig, or her surviving issue, Germany.

Anna Hunger, or her surviving issue, Germany.

Ella Hensel, or her surviving husband, name unknown, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Fanny Mattig, or her surviving issue; Anna Hunger, or her surviving issue; Ella Hensel, or her surviving husband, name unknown, and each of them, in and to the estate of Oscar Wunsch, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be

paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 24, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6343; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 3539]

CHARLES SCHNYDER

In re: Estate of Charles Schnyder, deceased; File No. D-28-2019; E. T. sec. 2095.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by The German Society of the City of New York, as Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, County of New York, State of New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Dr. Georg Schneider, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

The sum of \$3,768.90, now held by The German Society of the City of New York, as executor of the last will and testament of Charles Schnyder, deceased, pursuant to a stipulation dated January 25, 1943 and filed in a proceeding entitled In the Matter of Proving the Last Will and Testament of Charles Schnyder,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts,

pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: April 26, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6349; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:02 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 120, Order 743]

LANGENFELDER MINING CO.

ESTABLISHMENT OF PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS AND MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 743 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. Bituminous coal delivered for mine or preparation plant. Establishing price classifications and maximum prices for the Langenfelder Mining Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, it is ordered:

(a) The Hecla No. 1 Mine of the Langenfelder Mining Company is hereby assigned Mine Index No. 4056, and is classified in Railroad Fuel Price Group No. 6.

(b) The price classifications for coals produced by the Langenfelder Mining Company from its Hecla No. 1 Mine, Mine Index No. 4056 in District No. 2, are hereby established as follows, and such coals may be sold or purchased at per net ton maximum prices not exceeding the following:

	Size Group No.										
	1	2	3	4	5	6 ^A	7	8	9	10	11
Price classification.....	E	E	C	O	O	D	D	D	D	-----	-----
Rail shipment.....	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$3.10	\$2.90	\$2.70	\$2.70	\$2.45	-----	-----
Truck shipment.....	4.15	4.15	4.15	3.95	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.05	2.85	\$2.85	\$2.55
Railroad fuel.....	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	2.90	2.70	2.70	2.45	2.45	-----

(c) The maximum prices established herein are f. o. b. the mine for truck shipments, and f. o. b. the rail shipping point for rail shipments and for railroad fuel.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended at any time.

(e) All prayers of applicant not granted herein are hereby denied.

(f) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1340.208 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall apply to the terms used herein.

This order shall become effective May 5, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6365; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:53 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 703]

SEXTON AND BLANKENSHIP COAL CO., ET AL.
AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES AND
PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS

Correction

The designation of F.R. Doc. 44-5569, appearing at page 4366 of the issue for Saturday, April 22, 1944, should read

	Model No. 7 with insert pans, wire basket and book	Model No. 7A with wire basket and book	Model No. 11 with wire basket and book
To jobbers.....	\$8.00	\$8.39	\$10.05
To retailers:			
In quantities of 2,000 or more.....	10.18	9.59	12.52
In quantities of 100 to 1,999.....	10.63	10.06	13.11
In quantities of less than 100.....	11.87	11.17	14.60

(2) For sales by jobbers, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. seller's city, subject to cash discounts and terms no less favorable than those customarily granted by the seller:

	Model No. 7 with insert pans, wire basket and book	Model No. 7A with wire basket and book	Model No. 11 with wire basket and book
In Western zone.....	\$12.47	\$11.77	\$15.13
In Eastern zone.....	11.87	11.17	14.60

(3) For sales at retail, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

	Model No. 7 with insert pans, wire basket and book	Model No. 7A with wire basket and book	Model No. 11 with wire basket and book
In Western zone.....	\$18.70	\$17.65	\$22.70
In Eastern zone.....	17.80	16.75	21.00

(b) To every aluminum pressure canner shipped to a purchaser for resale on and after May 5, 1944, the manufacturer shall attach a tag or label containing the following statement with the blanks properly filled in:

Eastern zone retail ceiling price..... \$-----
Western zone retail ceiling price..... \$-----

This tag shall not be removed until the canner is delivered to the purchaser.

(c) At the time of the first invoice after May 4, 1944, the manufacturer shall notify in writing each purchaser who buys from it of the maximum prices established by this order for resales by the purchaser. This order establishes maximum prices for sales by all jobbers including sales by jobbers to jobbers and jobbers to retailers. Each jobber who resells any commodity covered by this order must notify his purchaser of the maximum prices established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This written notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) The Western Zone includes the states of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and the following counties in Texas: El Paso, Hudspeth, Culberson, Jeff Davis, Presidio, Brewster, Terrell, Pecos and Reeves. The rest of the country is in the Eastern Zone.

as set forth above. In the table for Harvey Bishop, the price for truck shipments, Size Group 7, should be "\$2.30".

[MPR 188, Order 1555]

NATIONAL PRESSURE COOKER CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 1555 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of three new canners manufactured by the National Pressure Cooker Co.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order Nos. 9250 and 9328; it is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales of three new aluminum pressure canners manufactured by the National Pressure Cooker Company, Eau Claire, Wisconsin, and described in its application as Model Nos. 7, 7A, and 14.

(1) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. Eau Claire, Wisconsin, subject to a cash discount of 2% for payment within ten days, net thirty days.

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

(f) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 1555 shall become effective on the 5th day of May 1944.

Issued this 4th day of May 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6366; Filed, May 4, 1944;
11:52 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 705]

RYAN BROS., INC., ET AL.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES
Correction

In F.R. Doc. 44-5643, appearing at page 4368 of the issue for Saturday, April 22, 1944, in the third table on page 4369, the prices in Size Group 2 for rail shipment, truck shipment, and R. R. locomotive fuel should read, respectively, "\$3.35", "3.40", and "3.20".

UNITED STATES EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION.

[Administrative Order 7]

MEDICAL BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES
OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

AUTHORIZATION TO OFFICE OF WAR
INFORMATION

By virtue of the authority vested in the United States Employees' Compensation Commission by the Employees' Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, as amended (sec. 42, 56 Stat. 725; 5 U.S.C. Sup. 793), the Office of War Information is authorized to arrange and provide for the initial furnishing of medical and other benefits as authorized by section 9 of such act of September 7, 1916, as amended, and pursuant to the regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder (20 CFR, Chap. I, Subchapter A), and such supplementary instructions as may from time to time be issued by the Commission, in cases of civilian employees of the United States, employees of the Office of War Information, who are injured while in the performance of their duties for the United States in employment outside continental United States, at places where no facilities for the authorization of medical benefits have been established locally by or under the Commission.

As used herein, the phrase "to arrange and provide for the initial furnishing of medical and other benefits as authorized by section 9" of such act, means the initial furnishing of such medical and other benefits at a cost not to exceed \$250.00 in any such case.

The action of the Office of War Information in any case, and the payments made under this authority, are subject to final review by the Commission and readjustment if found necessary.

Order approved by the Commission
April 28, 1944.

WILLIAM MCCAULEY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6373; Filed, May 4, 1944;
2:39 p. m.]

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

[Docket No. AO 166-A 2]

CINCINNATI, OHIO, MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON HANDLING OF MILK

Proposed amendments to the tentatively approved marketing agreement and order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Cincinnati, Ohio, Marketing area.

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1940 et seq.), and in accordance with the applicable rules of practice and procedure (7 CFR Cum. Supp., 900.1 et seq.), notice is hereby given of a hearing to be held in the Gibson Hotel, Cincinnati, Ohio, beginning at 10 a. m., e. s. t. May 10, 1944, with respect to proposed amendments to the tentatively approved marketing agreement and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Cincinnati, Ohio, marketing area. These amendments have not received the approval of the War Food Administrator.

This public hearing is for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to the economic or marketing conditions which relate to the amendments or any modification thereof, which are hereinafter set forth. The amendments which have been proposed are set forth below:

Proposed by the Milk Producers Union, the K. I. O. Milk Producers Association, and the Cooperative Pure Milk Association

(1) Delete from § 965.6 (a) (1) the amount \$3.55 and substitute therefor the amount \$4.00.

(2) Delete from § 965.6 (a) (2) the amount of \$3.10 and substitute therefor the amount \$3.55.

Proposed by the Dairy and Poultry Branch, War Food Administration

Review §§ 965.6 (a) (3) and 965.6 (b) for the purpose of determining whether the prices set forth in the aforesaid sections should be changed, in view of current marketing conditions.

Copies of this notice of hearing, of the tentatively approved marketing agreement, and of the order, as amended, now in effect, may be procured from the Hearing Clerk, Office of the Solicitor, United States Department of Agriculture, in Room 1331 South Building, Washington, D. C., or may be there inspected.

THOMAS J. FLAVIN,
Assistant to the
War Food Administrator.

MAY 4, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6402; Filed, May 6, 1944;
11:19 a. m.]

CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT (1944) WITH RESPECT TO SUPPORT PRICES

Public announcement has heretofore been made (6 F.R. 4644; 7 F.R. 422, 9986; 8 F.R. 12524) pursuant to the provisions of section 4 (a) of the act approved July 1, 1941, 55 Stat. 498, as amended by the act approved October 2, 1942, 56 Stat. 768, that it was necessary to encourage the expansion of the production of the agricultural commodities named below, with the exception of sweet potatoes, for which announcement is hereby made. Therefore, the War Food Administrator, in accordance with such act and section 2 of the act approved February 28, 1944, 58 Stat. 105, hereby announces, for the periods specified herein, the following support prices for the benefit of eligible producers of such commodities. Such support prices are subject to adjustment, where applicable, for season, location, type, grade, and class. Such adjustments, the conditions of eligibility for such price support, and the periods during which price support operations will be carried out, other than those specified herein, will be as specified in announcements issued in connection with particular price support operations.

COMMODITY, AND LEVEL AND PERIOD OF PRICE
SUPPORT

Hogs: 90 percent of the parity price, but during the period October 1, 1944, to March 31, 1945, not less than \$12.50 per cwt. average for good to choice butcher hogs weighing 200 to 240 pounds, at Chicago, with appropriate differentials for other markets.

Eggs: 90 percent of the parity price, but in no event less than specified prices to be announced from time to time.

Chickens (excluding chickens weighing less than three pounds live weight and all broilers) and turkeys: 90 percent of the parity price, but in no event less than specified prices to be announced from time to time.

Milk and butterfat: 90 percent of the parity price, but in any event returns to producers during the period ending December 31, 1944, not less than 30 cents per cwt. for whole milk or 4 cents per pound for butterfat above returns to producers reflected by the following: A price for U. S. Grade A or No. 1 American cheddar cheese of 27 cents per pound, Plymouth, Wisconsin, basis; a price for spray-dried skim milk of 14½ cents per pound and for roller-dried skim milk of 12½ cents per pound, U. S. extra grade, basis f. o. b. Midwest plants; and a price for U. S. Grade A or 92 score butter of 46 cents per pound, Chicago basis.

The 1944 crop of dry peas of the varietal types Alaska, Bluebell, Scotch Green, First and Best, White Canada, Colorado White, and Marrowfat: 90 percent of the comparable price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (August 1), but in no event less than \$5.65 per cwt. for U. S. No. 1 peas and \$5.40 per cwt. for U. S. No. 2 peas, cleaned and bagged, in carload lots, f. o. b. cars at country shipping points.

The 1944 crop of dry edible beans of the varietal types Pea, Medium White, Great Northern, Small White, Flat Small White, Pink, Pinto, Small Red, Cranberry, Lima, Baby Lima, Light Red Kidney, Dark Red Kidney, Western Red Kidney: 90 percent of the parity price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (September 1), but in no event less than \$6.50 per cwt. for U. S. No. 1 and \$6.35 per cwt. for

U. S. No. 2 Pea, Medium White; Great Northern, Small White, Flat Small White, Pink, Pinto, Small Red, and Cranberry, \$7.50 per cwt. for U. S. No. 1 and \$7.35 per cwt. for U. S. No. 2 Lima and Baby Lima, and \$8.00 per cwt. for U. S. No. 1 and \$7.85 per cwt. for U. S. No. 2 Light Red Kidney, Dark Red Kidney, and Western Red Kidney, cleaned and bagged, in carload lots, f. o. b. cars at country shipping points.

The 1944 crop of soybeans for oil: 90 percent of the comparable price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (October 1), but in no event less than \$2.04 per bushel for Yellow or Green Soybeans, and \$1.84 per bushel for Brown, Black or Mixed Soybeans, U. S. Grade No. 2 or better and 14 percent moisture content, delivered to country elevator or other normal producer delivery point, with appropriate quality premiums and discounts.

The 1944 crop of peanuts for oil: 90 percent of the comparable price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (September 1), but in no event less than \$160 per ton for Virginia type peanuts of a sound, mature kernel content of 65 percent, Spanish type peanuts of a sound, mature kernel content of 70 percent, and Valencia type peanuts of a sound kernel content of 65 percent, and \$145 per ton for runner type peanuts of a sound, mature kernel content of 65 percent, delivered to warehouse or other normal producer delivery point, with appropriate premiums and discounts for other qualities.

The 1944 crop of flaxseed for oil: 90 percent of the parity price calculated as of the

beginning of the marketing year (June 1), but in no event less than \$2.95 per bushel for U. S. No. 1 flaxseed and \$2.90 per bushel for U. S. No. 2 flaxseed, basis Minneapolis, with appropriate differentials for flaxseed at other locations.

The 1944 crop of American-Egyptian cotton: 90 percent of the parity price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (August 1).

The 1944 crop of potatoes: 90 percent of the parity price calculated as of January 1, 1944; for early and intermediate potatoes and as of July 1, 1944, for other potatoes, but in no event less than specified prices for certain grades of potatoes in specified commercial areas to be announced from time to time.

The 1944 crop of sweet potatoes (when properly cured): 90 percent of the parity price calculated as of the beginning of the marketing year (July 1), but in no event less than the following prices per bushel for U. S. No. 1 or better cured sweet potatoes: \$1.50 in December, \$1.65 in January, \$1.75 in February, packed in standard crates, baskets or hampers, in lots of 1,000 bushels or more, f. o. b. cars or local storage warehouse. The support price for U. S. No. 2 cured sweet potatoes containing at least 75 percent U. S. No. 1 quality cured sweet potatoes, will be 15 cents less per bushel than the support price for U. S. No. 1 cured sweet potatoes.

(The prices specified in this announcement, to the extent that they exceed 90 percent of the parity or comparable price, are

applicable only to commodities marketed during the periods specified above, or during the periods specified in connection with the announcements of particular loan, purchase, or other operations, and, with respect to the commodities produced on an annual crop basis, are applicable only to the 1944 crop of such commodities. After the close of the periods specified herein or in connection with such announcements and for crops produced subsequent to the 1944 crop, price support for the commodities listed above will be continued during the period prescribed by the act of October 2, 1942, 56 Stat. 768, at not less than 90 percent of the parity or comparable prices. However, the precise level of such support, to the extent that it may exceed 90 percent of the parity or comparable price, and any conditions of eligibility for price support (including conditions relating to acreage or production requirements) will be covered in subsequent announcements.

The provisions of this announcement shall prevail in the event of any conflict between them and provisions of any announcement heretofore made.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of May 1944.

MARVIN JONES,
War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-6401; Filed, May 5, 1944; 11:19 a. m.]